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Ottawa County Times

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Ottawa County Times.

VOL. XLII.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN, AUGUST 5, 1904.

NO. 30

SIGNET RINGS

The most popular ring gotten out in years; you should have one. They are attractive; no stone to lose. You can have any letter or monogram engraved, and they are not expensive. We have

A Large New Line
From \$1.50 to \$10.

HARDIE THE JEWELER

This is the Season
of the Year when

Mineral Waters
Are Used.

WE HAVE THEM

AT
S. A. MARTIN'S
Drug and Book Store,
8th & River Sts.

SIMON LIEVENSE

The Old Reliable Mover has taken up the work of moving buildings again and is ready to do all kinds of building moving and machinery business. Citz. phone 244. Residence, 156 east 14th St.

DR. J. O. SCOTT

DENTIST.
OFFICE OVER DOERBING'S
DRUG STORE.
Hours, 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.
Evenings by appointment. Citz. Phone 441.

READ THE AD. OF THE
Van Ark Furniture Co.
In this issue.
It will interest you.

If you want a good Watch
cheap
GO TO
C. A. Stevenson's Jewelry Store
Holland, Mich.

National Life Insurance Co.
of the
United States of America
L. C. BRADFORD, SPECIAL AGT.
Office over the Postoffice.
Citizens Phone 647.
HOLLAND, MICH.

You Want the Best.

We want to prove to you that we
have it. Here are a few FACTS.
We have

The Finest Souvenirs.
The Finest Cut Glass.
The Finest Watches.
The Finest Silverware
The Finest Hand
Painted China.

Geo. H. Huizinga

THE RELIABLE JEWELER

36 East 8th St.

Italian Skipped.

C. DeRose, the Italian fruit dealer on River street, left with his family on Sunday, and since that he has not been seen. It is alleged that bills amounting to about \$1,000 were left unpaid. Among the creditors are A. E. Brooks & Co. of Grand Rapids, the Hanselman Candy company of Kalamazoo and others. It is thought that DeRose has gone back to Italy to live on the money which it is supposed he has laid up while in America. The store is in charge of Joe and Peter Fabino, Joe Fabino having run a fruit store on East Eighth street for some time. The Fabino store was locked up by Tim Slagh, who held a chattel mortgage on the stock, but Fabino and his attorney had the place reopened. The River street store was also locked up, but has been reopened and the money is turned over each night to an officer. Fabino says he bought the stock in good faith and that DeRose defrauded him.

Grand Haven.

Frank Makley, convicted of larceny, was sent to Detroit for three months from Holland yesterday. A party of Zealanders expect to leave for Alabama and other southern states next Thursday to look over the ground for land speculation and in the meantime will visit the St. Louis fair. Trueman Hand, a young man about 21 years of age, was drowned in the river, at the swimming hole near the elevator early Friday evening. Hand walked down to the elevator just before the accident. He appeared to be under the influence of liquor.—Grand Haven Tribune.

Another Electric Road.

Farmers in the city this week from the south river townships of Blendon, Allendale and Robinson say that parties have been through that section within the past ten days getting options and also doing surveying. They state that the work is preliminary to the building of an electric road on that side of the river from Grand Rapids to Grand Haven. While the farmers who have visited this city do not know who is behind the project, there is a well defined rumor that the Grand Rapids, Holland & Lake Michigan Electric Railway Co., which recently passed into the hands of new stockholders, is doing this work.—Grand Haven Tribune.

Ottawa County Real Estate Transfers.

Wm. Roberts et al. to Mathias Westerloo, lots 28, 29, 30 and 31, Dudley & Wolliver's addition, Lamont \$ 500
Sarah J. Morse to John Brown, ne fr. 1/4, ne fr. 1/4, sec. 2, Jamestown 1000
Chas. M. McLean to Gerrit H. Dublink and wife, part lots 1 and 2, block G, West addition, Holland 2600
Herbert A. Taylor and wife to Wm. Ballard, part lots 9, 10 and 11, block 4, Hosmer & Earle's addition, Coopersville 1400
Henry L. Dickinson and wife to Geo. E. Sanford, w. 1/4, sw 1/4, sw 1/4, sec. 1, Tallmadge 1200
Aloys Bilz et al. to J. W. York & Son, lots 15, 30 and 54, Spring Lake Beach 380
Thos. Cornell and wife to Marion Cameron, s. 1/2, sw 1/4, sec. 14, Robinson 350
Frank J. Bunce to Andrew J. Parker and wife, s. 1/2, s. 1/2, ne 1/4, sec. 5, Chester 1000
Frances C. Darling et al. to Julius A. Parady, n. 1/2, sw 1/4, sw 1/4, sec. 26, Allendale 500
Wm. L. Eaton and wife to Julia A. Parady, s. 1/2, sw 1/4, sw 1/4, sec. 26, Allendale 700
John Rose and wife to Frank Zawadzky, e. 1/2, w. 1/2, nw 1/4, sec. 24, Tallmadge 1600
Jacob Gilbert to Martha Witterell, part w. 1/2, sw fr. 1/4, sec. 18, Chester 900
Fanny Ver Beek to Henry Hanning, lot 14, block 38, Holland 2000
Albert Whitney to Albert Meyer, se 1/4, ne 1/4, sec. 10, and part nw 1/4, sec. 11, Jamestown 5000
Bion H. Chadwick and wife to Harmon Busman, s. 1/2, sw 1/4, sec. 22, Polifton 2650
Henry Fasse and wife to Gertrude Westerhoff, e. 1/2 of lot 9, block 33, Monroe & Harris' add., Grand Haven 225
Albert Minchmehszen and wife to Geo. Hyma, part ne 1/4, sec. 32, Holland 1200
N. R. DeVries and wife to John Geerlings and wife, part nw 1/4, sec. 18, Jamestown 2000
Marinus Kette to Wm. Kette, part nw fr. 1/4, sec. 19, Zeeland 500
C. H. McBride and wife to Hermanus Stegelder, w. 1/2 lot 13, block 26, Holland 700
Dora Ohrens to Wm. Thieleman, sw 1/4, se 1/4, sec. 16, Grand Haven 900
Clara H. Davis to Marcus Frost, lot 21, Scott's Macatawa Grove, Holland 1200
Govert Keppel to Jacob Barense, nw 1/4, sw 1/4, sec. 33, Blendon 1500
Gerrit Zaalmink and wife to Benj. F. Brinkman, lot 5, block 4, Central Park, Holland 800
Maria Erhardt to Peter Nagel, nw 1/4, ne 1/4, sec. 23, Crockerly 2500

Probate Court Proceedings.

July 20—Estate of Carrie Noble, minor. Order adjourning hearing on petition for guardianship.
Estate of Emma Kirkpatrick, deceased. Bond filed and letters issued.
Matter of James V. Potts, insane. Order admitting to asylum.
July 21—Estate of Fayette S. Day, deceased. Trustee's bond filed and letters issued.
Estate of James R. Winchester, deceased. Final account filed. Hearing August 22.
Estate of Cornelius Mulder, deceased. Will and petition for probate filed; hearing August 15.
July 25—Estate of Amelia Reed, deceased. Kate Quinn appointed administratrix.
Estate of Berent Visser, deceased. John Lubbers appointed administrator. Appraisers appointed. Hearing of claims January 31. Bond filed and letters issued.

Ottawa County Marriage Licenses.

Henry Hansens, 25, Grand Rapids; Cora Okker, 24, Spring Lake.
Arthur W. Miller, 28, Grand Haven; Marie Beaver, 18, Grand Haven.
Jan Lion, 31; Alida Westerhoff, 30; both of Holland.

The Local Option Movement.

The leaders of the movement to institute local option in Ottawa county expect to go before the board of supervisors at the October session with a petition that the proposition be submitted to a vote.

The advocates of local option are feeling their way very cautiously. They will not engage in the fight for the abolition of the saloons until they have ascertained beyond all doubt that their cause has the endorsement of the churches.

They have therefore appealed to the churches of the county to pass resolutions declaring against the saloon and approving the plan of banishing the liquor stores by adopting local option at the spring election of 1905.

The churches will also be asked to appoint committees to labor in the interest of the local option cause, and before signatures are secured to a petition to the supervisors to submit the question to a vote the county will be thoroughly canvassed and the sentiment ascertained.

The leaders in the local option movement are disposed to make sure that the question will carry before the vote is taken. They will take poll lists, visit every voter in the county and sound him on the local option proposition.

But the first move is to enlist the churches. If it is discovered that a majority of the church societies are not in favor of a local option campaign the matter will be dropped entirely, but the leaders are hopeful of getting the united support of the churches.—Tribune.

Allegan Gained 123.

The population of Allegan village has increased just 128 in four years. The census figures taken by Enumerator Ray Adams have been compiled sufficiently at Lansing to ascertain the number of inhabitants, and the population is announced to be 2,795 June 1, 1904. When the United States census was taken in 1900 the population of the village was 2,667, a decrease of five in the previous four years. The increase of 128 in four years is a much better showing, though not so good as was expected when the general growth of the town is considered.—Press.

Italian Made \$15,000.

Grand Haven, Aug. 3.—Paul Belsito, the Italian fruit dealer who left unexpectedly for Italy Sunday night, is said to have cleared up \$15,000 in the 10 years he has been in the fruit business in this city. Belsito came here desperately poor and for a time slept in box cars or any place where he could lay his head without being routed out by the officers. When he left he was operating two stores successfully. If he left any creditors they have not yet appeared. Belsito started for Italy, it is thought, in company with C. DeRose of Holland.

Rev. Veldman Called.

At a congregational meeting at the Third Reformed church Monday night, Rev. H. J. Veldman of Milwaukee was unanimously chosen for pastor of the church. He received 100 votes of the 119 cast. Rev. E. Blekkink of Kalamazoo and Rev. M. Flipse of Passaic, N. J., were the other members of the trio.

Allegan County Real Estate Transfers.

Eliza J. Fry to Mrs. Minnie Seipp, 1 1/2 acres of section 17, Manlius 350
The Allegan Foundry and Machine Co. to Irving Brown and Oscar Danner, parts of lots 274 and 275, village of Allegan 700
Grace McCleowan to Emaline Towle, 7-10 acres of section 33, Monterey 150
Roger E. Reed and wife to L. W. McDonald, lot 23, Douglas 150
James J. Atherly and wife to Selman Abrahamson, land in Casco 4000
Clarence Hogmire and wife to J. Lucile Shepherd, 7 1/2 acres of section 2, Gang 1100
Anbj Knipser to Jan Rubingh, 40 acres of section 11, Manlius 500
Adam Newell and wife to Wm. S. Panches, lot 21, Burnips Corners 275
Samuel M. Eggleston and wife to Geo. Jans, 13 acres on section 9, Hopkins 585
Alexander C. Cram and wife to Ruben and Chas. V. Cram, 60 acres of section 16, Clyde 2400
Charles E. Hammon and wife to Stephen E. Drury, 52 acres on section 26, Trowbridge 3100
Frederick E. Sanderson and wife to John L. Mose and wife, 20.7 acres on section 23, Otsego 1350
Ida V. Hamilton and Fanny D. Balrd, to Allen A. and Fred V. 40 acres of section 5, Cheshire 500

Allegan County Marriage Licenses.

Permission to marry has been granted to Sidney M. Thomas of East Chicago and Mabel E. Gelf of New Richmond; William Marshall and Gertrude Priest, both of Otsego; George J. Unger of Miner Lake and Edna J. Cook of Heath; Claude M. Blain and Edna Wagner, both of Otsego.

ALLEGAN.

E. Williams of Chicago will take charge of the Sherman house next Monday. Robert Vahne, who has been clerk there, will be succeeded by G. H. Williams, the new proprietor's son.

Henry Ashley, a former resident of Allegan, was killed at his home in North Dakota last Sunday. He was haying, driving a mowing machine, and the horses became frightened and ran. Whether he fell in front of the machine or was thrown backward has not been learned. He was a brother to Nicholas and Orville Ashley.

Another mail route may soon be started from Hamilton. Inspector Weiton was there last week and traveled the proposed route, which runs on the town line west to the interurban tracks, thence to New Richmond, and then by the river road back to Hamilton.

Fire at Beaverdam.

The residence and store and the barn of Mr. Ver Meulen at Beaverdam were totally destroyed by fire Sunday morning. It is not known how the fire started and nothing was saved. The loss is about \$1,000. No insurance.

A \$2.00 SHOE.

For a \$2.00 shoe try Lokker-Rutgers Co. Best in town.

AUGUST REDUCTION SALE.

A FEW Lawns and Dimities left which are going at Greatly Reduced Prices. Also a line of Knit Summer Underwear, Shirt Waists, Fancy Hose, Gingham, and Muslin Underwear.

NOTICE A FEW SPECIALS:

10c Seersuckers 6c
15c Cotton Voils 12 1/2 c
50c Black and White Silk Mull 38c
10c Towels 6c
12 1/2 c Gingham 10c

A new line of Plain and Crushed Belts, Fancy Collars, Trimmings, Purses, etc., etc.

Just received a big line of Black Mercerized Petticoats, extra value, only

79c

COME IN AND BE CONVINCED

JOHN VANDERSLUIS

No. 30 East 8th Street

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN

TO CONTRACTORS.

Bids will be received at the office of the Sent Lagers Lumber Co., on or before August 12, 1904, for lathing and plastering the First Reformed church at Graafschap.

By order of the Committee.

You are cordially invited by the ladies of A. C. Van Raalte Relief Corps to attend a social to be held in G. A. R. hall on Wednesday afternoon, August 10th, from 8 to 6 o'clock. The presence of all comrades especially desired.

Sumerlin the Optician.

J. F. Sumerlin, ophthalmic optician, will be at Haan Bros' Central drug store August 19 and 20, Holland, Mich. I correct all eye trouble by giving you proper ground lenses. Weak and sore eyes and headaches are the result of eye strain. I can straighten most cases of cross eyes with our special ground lenses and our method of knowing how to treat all muscle trouble. Call and see me. Examination free.

J. F. SUMERLIN, Oph.

FARM FOR SALE

I have 133 acres of land that I will sell for part cash and part time or exchange for city property. Good pasture or hay land. All good black soil. Enquire at this office or at the owner's house.

H. E. VAN KAMPEN.

FOR SALE.

A good "Advance" threshing rig, size of thrasher 32x45, with bagger and wind stacker complete. Fifteen horse simple engine mounted on a high pressure boiler with all latest improvements. Separator run one season and engine two seasons. Rig in first class condition. For further information write E. J. Abers, Holland R. F. D. No. 7, or telephone 72-4r, Zeeland.

Builds up muscular flesh, healthy tissue, rich, red blood; clears the stomach, kidneys and liver. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. Haan Bros.

Good for father. Good for mother. Good for the whole family. Makes the children eat, sleep and grow. Rocky Mountain Tea is a family blessing. 35 cents. Haan Bros.

Poultrymen,

If your chickens are troubled with lice use the Wolverine Fumigating nest egg. It will keep your chickens free from all vermin. Call on

R. ZEERIP.
54 West 9th Street,
Holland.

Souvenirs

—AT—

Stevenson's

JEWELRY STORE.

He has the finest assortment of Diamonds, Watches
Clocks, Silverware, Cut Glass Fine China
and an endless variety of Novelties.

C. A. STEVENSON

Holland, Mich.

The Farmer, Stock Breeder and
Poultry Fancier

all need a reliable disinfectant that is effective and at the same time at a reasonable cost. Such an article is

KRESO

A pint bottle costs 30c and makes 10 gallons of reliable disinfectant by simply adding that much water.
Cures mange and all parasitic affections of Dogs, Horses and Cattle.

Con. De Pree's Drug Store

IT'S UP TO YOU!

We are here with a full line of ORANGES, LEMONS, FIGS
DATES, GRAPES, APPLES, NUTS, CANDIES, CIGARS
and TOBACCOS. Call and investigate. We will interest you.
Always welcome at

DAMSON & CALKIN'S

No. 308 River Street

STAKELBERG CUT OFF BY THE JAPS

Kuroki's Men Said to Have Got
Between Two Forces of
the Russians.

GREAT BATTLE BEING FOUGHT

Russian Reports Say the Japanese
Have Been Repulsed.

Fight Is Probably a Decisive One for
Which Kuroki Has Been Pro-
paring—Russia Mourns
General Keller's
Death.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—General
Kuropatkin reports that the Japanese
have occupied Ikhavuen, east of Liao
Yang, and the Yangse pass, thirty
miles east of Liao Yang.

Mukden, Aug. 2.—Lieutenant General
Count Keller has been killed east
of Liao Yang. He was hit by a frag-
ment of a Japanese shell while oppos-
ing the Japanese advance along the
railway near Haicheng.

Frankfort, Germany, Aug. 1.—The
Tokio correspondent of The Zeitung
says that the Vladivostok squadron has
returned to Vladivostok.

London, Aug. 2.—A dispatch to a
news agency from Tokio says there is
reason to believe that after two days'
fighting the Japanese have occupied
Simoucheng, thus cutting off General
Stakelberg from General Kuropatkin.

Russians Lose a High Officer.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—This city
was shocked by a report that Lieuten-
ant General Count Keller had been
killed. The report has been confirmed.
He was killed July 29 while resisting
the preliminary attack of General Ku-
roki's army on the Yangse pass, thirty
miles east of Liao Yang. The general
was standing near a battery which
was subjected to a terrific fire, when a
shell burst close to him and he fell,
mortally wounded, dying twenty min-
utes later. He was the first high Rus-
sian military commander to lose his
life in this war.

Battle Raging Near Hai-Cheng.

London, Aug. 2.—A dispatch from
Hai-Cheng, dated Aug. 1, gives some
details of the first two days of a bat-
tle that will probably be decisive, as
being the crisis of the Japanese move-
ment, north and east. The dispatch
says: "The Japanese on Saturday at-
tacked the heights of Gangwa pass,
the right of the Russian position at
Simoucheng. Under cover of their ar-
tillery the Japanese infantry charged,
but the Russian guns drove them back
in confusion and silenced two of their
batteries. The Russian losses were
slight. Between Hai-Cheng and Ta-
Tche-Kiao, the same day, there was a
long distance artillery duel, which had
little effect.

Russians Repulse the Japs.

"On Saturday night the Japanese
made a desperate assault on Kangwa
heights with the bayonet, and a hand-
to-hand fight ensued, but the Japanese
were again repulsed, fleeing down the
hill in confusion. The Japanese re-
newed the attack at daylight Sunday,
training all their guns on Kangwa
heights. By 6 a. m. the fight had de-
veloped along the whole front of four-
teen miles, and was especially hot
against General Mischenko. The Rus-
sian artillery did magnificently, sever-
al times forcing the Japanese batteries
to shift their positions."

KUROPATKIN IS MOVING NORTH

Only a Skeleton Force Left Behind—News
from the Battlefield.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2, 4:05 a. m.—
A report from an apparently reliable
source is to the effect that General
Kuropatkin's main force had been rap-
idly moving north for several days.
According to this report no troops pro-
ceeding to the front from Russia had
gone past Harbin in the past three
days. They will be detained there
and every available piece of rolling
stock will be rushed south empty for
the removing of troops at Liao Yang
and other points to the northward,
leaving a skeleton force to contest the
Japanese advance on vital positions.

London, Aug. 2.—The correspondent
of the London Times with General
Kuroki in the field, in a dispatch dated
July 31, says: "This army began a
general attack at daylight today, which
lasted until sunset. The Japanese cen-
ter took Taowan, capturing the en-
emy's northeastern positions. The left
advanced and occupied a position
jeopardizing the Russian right."

"The Japanese right carried the po-
sition against superior numbers. There
was tremendous artillery firing
throughout the day, and the infantry
finished with a brilliant march under
the enemy's shrapnel. I believe that
the Russian position will be untenable
tomorrow."

British correspondents with General
Kuroki in the field, in brief dispatches
dated July 31, concur in the statement
that the Japanese have carried certain
positions, leaving only one defensible
position between them and Liao Yang.
There is still no reliable news from
Port Arthur, but The Daily Mail's To-
kio correspondent asserts that the fall
of this fortress is imminent. Similar
reports emanate from Shanghai and
elsewhere.

GENERAL MILES LOSES HIS WIFE

Helpmeet Dies Suddenly During Night
from Heart Disease at
West Point, N. Y.

West Point, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Nel-
son A. Miles died here during the
night of heart disease. She and Gen-
eral Miles had been visiting their son,



Mrs. Nelson A. Miles.
Sherman, who is a student at the mili-
tary academy. General Miles was not
present at the time of his wife's death,
he having gone out of town.

Mrs. Miles was 62 years old. She
made a number of calls during the
day, and apparently was in her usual
health. At her bedside when death
came were her son-in-law, Colonel
Samuel Reber, U. S. A., her son Sher-
man and her nieces, Miss Fitch and
Miss Hoyt, of Washington. Mrs.
Miles was the daughter of Judge Charles
Sherman and a niece of the late
Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, and
General William T. Sherman.

SIXTY THOUSAND MEN MADE IDLE

Shut Down of Nearly All the Collieries
in the Schuylkill Region of
the Coal Fields.

Pottsville, Pa., Aug. 2.—The shut
down at the collieries in the Schuyl-
kill region is complete with the excep-
tion of the Lehigh Coal and Naviga-
tion company which continues to op-
erate its collieries in the Panther Creek
valley. All the individual operations
along the Reading system were com-
pelled to shut down by reason of the
fact that no cars will be furnished un-
til Aug. 8. It is conservatively esti-
mated that there are about 60,000 idle
men in this county as the result of the
suspension.

During the period of idleness it is
the intention of the companies to
make many improvements which was
not possible to do while the collieries
were in operation.

Slugged and Robbed of \$3,000.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—L. Bushnell, son
of L. M. Bushnell, vice president of the
Vaughan & Bushnell Manufacturing
company, 877 Carroll avenue, was at-
tacked and robbed of about \$3,000 on
Carroll avenue not far from his place
of employment. The man was taking
the money to the plant to pay off the
men, when two young men felled him
with a blow on the head and took the
money. Two arrests have been made.

Paymaster Slain and Robbed.

Johnstown, Pa., Aug. 1.—While on
their way from Portage to Puritan
carrying a sack containing in the
neighborhood of \$3,000 with which to
pay the employees of the Puritan Coal
company, Paymaster Patrick Canan-
bell and Charles Hays, his driver, were
shot and killed by three highwaymen
about 10:15 o'clock. The robbers es-
caped with the booty.

Ex-Governor Pattison Dead.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—Robert E. Pat-
tison, who was twice Democratic gov-
ernor of Pennsylvania, is dead at his
home in Overbrook, a suburb of this
city. Pneumonia, complicated with a
weakness of the heart, was the cause
of death. He was 54 years old.

Failure at Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Charles A. Mal-
lory, at one time manager of the Mal-
lory Commission company and promi-
nent in live stock commission circles,
has filed a petition in bankruptcy in
the United States circuit court. Liabil-
ities \$254,000; assets \$84,000.

France and the Vatican Break.

Paris, Aug. 1.—Foreign Minister
Delcasse has addressed a note to the
papal nuncio to the effect that in con-
sequence of the rupture of relations be-
tween France and the Vatican his mis-
sion in Paris no longer had any ob-
ject.

Jack Tars Seized.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 1.—The United
States training ship Dorothea arrived
from Ludington with most of her men,
who were from Chicago, and were
making their first trip, very seasick.

Killed by an Erie Train.

Warren, O., Aug. 1.—Eugene E.
Thomas, aged 35 years, was struck and
instantly killed by an Erie passenger
train. His wife is a niece of Lieuten-
ant General Chaffee.

Football Stuck in His Mouth.

Philadelphia, Aug. 1.—A local
sporting man easily won a bet by put-
ting a football into his mouth,
but it took several surgeons an hour
to get it out.

For Governor of Missouri.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 29.—Cyrus P.
Walbridge of St. Louis was nominated
for governor of Missouri on the first
ballot taken by the state Republican
convention.

DUAL PURPOSE COWS.

Not Suited to the Needs of the East-
ern Dairy Farmers.

Very little has been done by our agri-
cultural institutions in New York for
the improvement of live stock, says
H. B. Cook in Rural New Yorker. That
there is an opportunity no one will
question. I was recently discussing
the animal husbandry needs with Dean
Bailey of the state college, who is
deeply interested in laying the founda-
tion right. He purposes to act and is
desirous of getting into the closest
touch with the breeders of the com-
monwealth to know their sentiments.
The question arises whether or not
our state should become interested in
beef production. There is no more
misleading fallacy connected with the
farm, none which has led more men
astray than the effort to breed an an-
imal for both milk and beef. Occasion-
ally such a one is found, and then
begins a chase to reproduce another.
The American is a natural gambler.
It makes but little difference what
the game may be, provided only that
there is uncertainty in its makeup.
The dual purpose cow, as seen from
a western point of view, is a specula-
tion pure and simple, and I hope there
will be no such ideal at our state col-
lege.

What we do need, however, is a
greater number of 10,000 pound 3.5
per cent cows or 7,000 pound 5 per
cent cows. There is a place for both.
In the milk markets the bulk of the
trade will only pay for the low grade
milk. We do not need more breeds or
more crosses. It is humiliating that
this country has not produced a breed
of dairy cows. We have tried hard
to make a breed of the dual purpose
cow, but as she never reproduced her-
self in anything like the same form
we could not make a success. But it
seems to me we would appear to the
unlooking dairy world to much better
advantage to take the Jerseys and
Guernseys for high grade milk and
the Ayrshires and Holsteins for low
grade milk and improve them.

We have already quite passed the
necessity of importation of Ayrshire
and Holstein stock, and as soon as we
learn that the Channel island cows
must have Channel island temperature
and environment we shall cease im-
porting from that favored land. I
firmly believe that our newly organ-
ized state college should alienate itself
from western sentiment and custom
so far as it pertains to live stock in-
terests. I know it is wonderfully
fascinating to breed and handle the
smooth beef beauties, but is not the
machinery that can produce ten to
twenty times its own weight of milk
annually but a more complex and
wonderful mechanism, requiring more
genius to develop and skill to feed?
We have in the east conditions pec-
uliar in many respects that cannot
be changed. It is therefore a prob-
lem to meet them and organize for
development upon our own lines.

Water Content of Butter.

A low water content may be obtain-
ed by lowering the churning tempera-
ture, washing the butter well with cold
water and allowing the washings to
drain thoroughly, salting the butter,
working partially and postponing the
second working until the butter has
become hardened in the refrigerator
room, preferably until the next morn-
ing.—American Agriculturist.

Care of Milk and Cream

Churn by the clock. It is done by
having the cream ripe enough so it
will be just right for the churning at
the time for which temperature and
amount of starter have been adjusted.
—Dairy Farming.

Guard Milk Carefully.

In preventing such troubles as bitter
milk proper care of the milk is essen-
tial. Milk cans and all other utensils
should be thoroughly washed and steri-
lized by heat, the milking should be
done under the most favorable condi-
tions for lessening contamination, the
milk should be cooled promptly and
guarded as carefully as possible from
all known sources of infection.—De-
partment of Agriculture.

Cleaning the Separator.

A very simple but effective method
of rapidly cleaning out the skim milk
tubes of the separator bowl, when
separator has to be shut down and
cleaned during the day's run, is the use
of a jet of warm water from the hot
water hose. The water, where it has
some pressure, will readily clear the
tubes unless the separator has been
run until the clog has become solid.
In the absence of a hot water hose a
stream of water from the pump will do
good work.—Creamery Journal.

Need of Pasteurizing.

The rational use of starters has done
much to raise the general standard of
butter in America, says Creamery
Journal. But the finest starters added
to cream already teeming with many
species of good and bad bacteria can-
not produce the best results. It is ob-
vious that the best results with good
starters are possible only when the
bacteria in the cream are first destroy-
ed by pasteurization so that the good
germs introduced by the starter may
have a clean field for development.

Working the Butter.

Butter of a medium firmness loses
about 3 per cent of moisture for every
revolution it is worked in excess.

Use of Preservatives.

Preservatives in milk do not benefit
the human race, although they may in-
crease the profits of the dairyman.—
Farm and Ranch.

Artificial Coloring.

Use less coloring in butter, and when
cows have been on the grass for some
time leave out artificial coloring en-
tirely.

FACTS ARE STUBBORN.

If Holland People Are Not Convinced
by Local Testimony They Dif-
fer from Other People.

Facts are stubborn.
Some may be disputed.
None can be disproved.
A fact is always hedged about with
proof.
Has to stand the test of investiga-
tion.
Or it drifts to the realm of doubt.
Investigate closely the following:
The closer the scrutiny the more
convincing the results.
A Holland citizen speaks here.
Speaks from experience and convic-
tion:

John Lockhart, of Twenty-eighth
street, near Central avenue, says: "I
had a constant aching in my loins and
kidneys so that at times I could hardly
keep around. I could not rest com-
fortably in any position and after a
restless night would get up feeling as
tired as when I went to bed. The
kidney secretions became irregular,
frequent and unnatural. I used differ-
ent remedies but did not receive any
benefit. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills
advertised I procured a box at J. O.
Doeburg's drug store and tried them.
They did me so much good that I got
another box and then another. They
cured me."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all
dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Mil-
burn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents
for the U. S. Remember the name,
Doan's, and take no substitute.

Don't Cough
YOUR
Head Off
WHEN
Dr. Porter's Cough Syrup

Is so easily obtained
and so quickly cures.
The right remedy for all diseases of Throat,
Chest and Lungs. Acts on nature's plan—
to loosen the cough, relieve the lungs, opens
the secretions, effects a cure.
Don't accept a cheap substitute on which
druggists makes more profit. Get Porter's.
Price 25 and 50 Cents.

FOR SALE BY
Heber Walsh, S. A. Martin, C. D. Smith,
DRUGGISTS.

For Sale.

Eight acres of land about sixty
rods east of city limits. Suitable
for suburban home and for raising
fruits.

MARSILJE & KOOYERS.
First State Bank Block.

Dr. Porter's Cough Syrup

Cures all CHRONIC COUGHS.

DAIRY LUNCH AND RESTAURANT

Lunches of all kinds and short
order work.
Billiards and Pool in connection.
Convenient to stop at.
100 Monroe Street, Corner Ionis.
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Does your Stomach trouble you? Are your
Bowels regular? Are you Bilious?
Cures Indigestion, Dyspep-
sia, Constipation, Pile,
Biliousness, Headache.
25c per bottle at Heber Walsh's Drug Store.

Are you going to build? Do you need
money? Call and examine our system
of loaning money. The Ottawa County
Building and Loan Association, 17 E.
Eighth St.

FARM FOR SALE.

An 80-acre farm, good orchard, 130
apple trees and 500 peach trees. Good
house and barn and good water. For
sale on good terms and reasonable price.
Enquire of owner
J. S. HOLMES.
Olive Center Mich.
Address, Zeeland, R. R. 1.

FARM FOR SALE—Farm of 80 acres
2 miles west of Coopersville; 30 acres
improved; small peach orchard; part
suitable for growing celery. Inquire of
Benj. Bosink, R. F. D. No. 1, Hudson-
ville.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty min-
utes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas'
Electric Oil. At any drug store.

No man can cure consumption. You
can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's
Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs,
colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never
fails.

CLOTHING TO ORDER.
Lokker-Rutgers Co. have made ar-
rangements to make clothing to order.
Try them.

Go-Carts

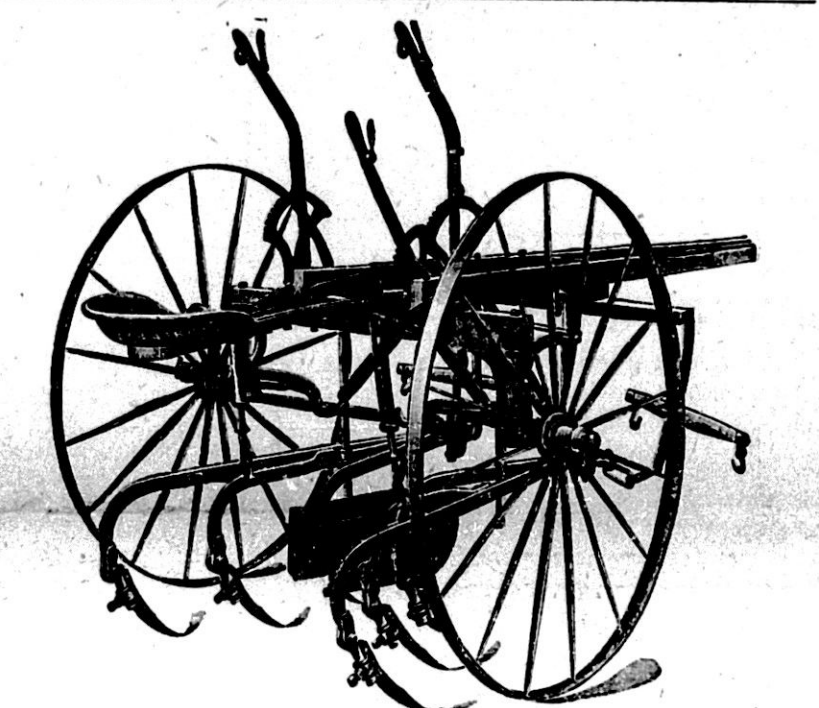
Baby Carriages



The Largest Assortment in the City.
Carpets, Rugs, Mattings,
Draperies,
A very complete line and offered at the
lowest prices,
A. C. RINCK & CO.

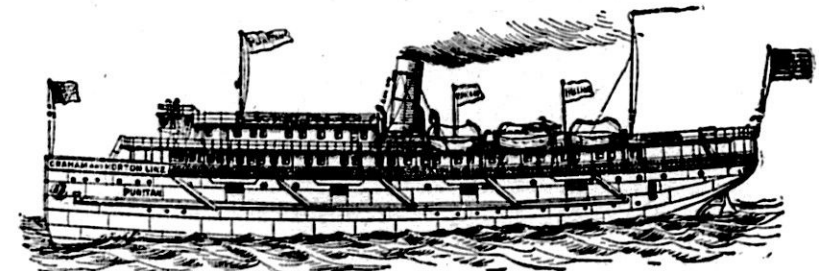
Just Get a Package
OF
Sunlight Flakes
When that is finished you will want
more. Crisp, delicious, healthful.
Fully cooked. Eat with milk or cream.
A beautiful imported china cereal
bowl given with double size package.
Other dishes and valuable gifts can
be obtained by saving ends of standard
size packages—Absolutely Free.

Walsh-DeRoo Milling
& Cereal Co.
HOLLAND MICHIGAN



CULTIVATORS
The Kraus Pivot-Axle Cultivators are taking the lead with the best post-
ed farmers. I have handled it for eight years and find that it is giving the very
best of satisfaction.
I handle the BUCKEYE Mowers and Binders and have yet to hear from
the first complaint.
The above machinery is not made by trust companies and I can give you
prices that are right.
Also the Ohio Farmer's High Grade Fertilizer can be secured from me.
John Koops, Fillmore Centre, Mich.

The Graham & Morton Trans. Co.



Until further notice two of the palace steamers of this Line will
run between Holland and Chicago on the following schedule:—
Leaves Holland at 9 a. m. and 9 p. m. Ottawa Beach at 10 a. m. and 10 p. m.
Leave Chicago at 9 a. m. and 9 p. m. The fare on the day boat is \$1.00
each way, taking effect Monday, July 18. The fare on the night boat \$1.50 one
way, or \$2.75 for the round trip.

Grand Rapids to St. Louis Exposition rates via Chicago & Alton Ry.,
Wabash Ry., or Illinois Central Ry. from Chicago:
Season limit ticket.....\$15.70
60 day limit ticket.....13.20
15 day limit ticket.....12.60
7 day limit ticket.....9.65

The seven day ticket is limited to sale twice a week in Michigan, Tues-
day and Thursday.
On the St. Joseph division steamers leave St. Joseph every day at 5 p. m.
and 10 p. m. Fare \$1.00 each way.

The right is reserved to change this schedule without notice.
J. S. MORTON, Sec'y & Treas. J. H. GRAHAM, Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
FRED ZALSMAN, Local Agent.
Chicago Dock foot of Wabash Ave. Chicago Telephone 2162 Central.

THE LANSING SILO
Manufactured by the
SEVERANCE TANK WORKS
A few reasons why it is the best silo:
1. It has a continuous opening.
2. It has a permanent iron ladder.
3. It has NO bolts, nuts or screws to unfasten the door.
4. It takes but a minute to open or close the door.
The agent who sells them here does not require to make his
living by selling these silos, so the buyer gets the agent's profit.
If you think of building a silo, then write or call on the lo-
cal agent.
HENRY H. BOEVE,
R. R. 5, HOLLAND, MICH.

LOTS For Sale

Twelve lots on 14th and 15th street, between Maple st. and First ave., for

\$350
each,

cash or monthly payments.
The best chance ever offered to Holland investors.

Diekema & Kollen



THE TEMPLE IRON AND WOODEN PUMPS
FOR SALE BY TYLER VANLANDEGEND,
49 W. 8th St., Phone 38, Holland, Mich.
Putting in and Repairing Pumps a Specialty.

The Blues

is one signal which foretells physical decay. Another is pale lifeless skin. The muscles shrink and become flabby; the body becomes emaciated, and there is an early tendency to round shoulders. The step lacks elasticity, the nerves become weak; mental and physical activity are a burden. This condition is called *Nervous Debility*; it is cured by the use of

Sexine Pills

They feed the hungry nerves, revive the weakened organs and make life brighter and sweeter to any man or woman who has suffered from physical drains. \$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with legal guarantee to cure or refund the money), \$5.00. Book free. **PAUL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.**

Sold by W. C. Walsh, Druggist, Holland.

The happiest couple in the world should be a deaf husband and a blind wife, both taking Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps peace in the family. 35 cents. Haan Bros.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure. Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by W. C. Walsh, Druggist. Trial bottles 10c.

BRUTALLY TORTURED.

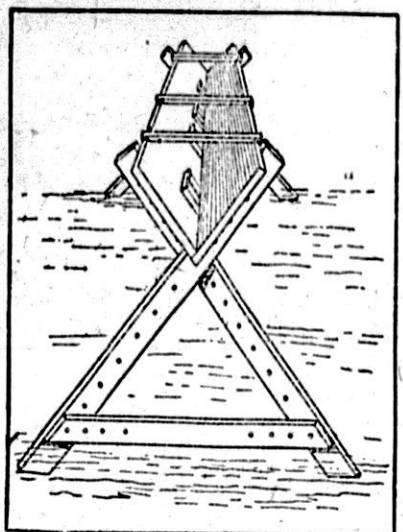
A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick of Colusa, Calif., writes: "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for Liver and Kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by W. C. Walsh, Druggist.



IRRIGATING BERRIES.

The Great Benefit to Strawberry in Time of Drought.

It is evident that there is a growing interest among farmers of the humid region in irrigation, especially as applied to market garden crops, small fruits and other high value crops. The strawberry plant, especially at the time of fruiting, quickly suffers from an insufficient water supply. In many of the northern states droughts are apt to occur at about the fruiting season. One thorough irrigation at the Wisconsin station of a crop just beginning to ripen and on which no rain had fallen for the preceding eighteen days almost doubled the yield, although a rain occurred five days later. The fruit from the irrigated rows was much larger and its market value consequently much increased because of the irriga-



SUPPORT FOR IRRIGATION TROUGH. Unirrigated crops in the neighborhood were almost a failure. Other irrigations followed after the fruit was picked, and a vigorous growth of vines was secured. A drought occurred the following season, when the yield from the irrigated rows was more than nine times as great as from the nonirrigated.

In these experiments the water was distributed in the field through a series of V shaped wooden troughs made of inch boards set at right angles to each other. Cleats were nailed across the top, one at the center and one near the ends of each trough, to keep the boards from spreading. Two sizes of troughs were used, the larger being made of one twelve inch and one ten inch board and the smaller of one ten inch and one eight inch board. The smaller troughs were used farthest away from the source of the water. The end of one trough set inside that of the next, and leakage at the unions was prevented by placing between the overlapping boards a strip of building paper or a little dirt. The troughs were supported in the field by straight crossed stakes. Each of the stakes had a row of small auger holes through its center about three inches apart, so that by slipping an iron spike through the pair of stakes at the proper point the troughs were adjusted at the desired height. A tie strip was placed across from one stake to the other just at the surface of the ground to prevent the bottoms from spreading or from settling too far in the ground, as they are sometimes inclined to do after the soil becomes wet.

Water was permitted to flow from the troughs through three-fourths inch auger holes spaced three and a half feet apart on one side near the bottom of the trough. The flow of the water was controlled by a sliding gate of thin galvanized iron.

Dahlia and Chrysanthemum.

It has been said that the cactus dahlia, owing largely to its lateness in flowering, has become a formidable rival to the chrysanthemum. It is a fact that so long as the weather keeps open and mild the cactus dahlia can be had in many parts of the country in all its beauty, but let a killing frost come early, then farewell to the dahlia as an outdoor plant. But, though frost may sear the blossoms of the chrysanthemums, it does not destroy them, and if a little shelter can be afforded the plants any harm from frost may to a large extent be warded off.

To Keep Carnations.

Always stand freshly cut carnations in water in a cool room. This stiffens the stems and fills the petals of the flowers with moisture, so that they will stand shipment and the rough usage. If carnations are packed at once after cutting they are liable to become wilted and to fade early.

Trees and Roadways.

Here are some statements by Colonel W. F. Fox, superintendent of forests in New York state, in a recent pamphlet:

Trees purify and cool the air, increase the value of surrounding property and are pleasing to the eye.

We are entering the era of good roads, but the good work of the road builder will not be complete until trees are planted at proper distances on each side of the highway.

One of the finest, smoothest roads in New York state may be found in the Adirondack forest from St. Hubert's inn to the Ausable lakes, and yet it is studied by trees that meet overhead.

Although a road of trees may somewhat retard the evaporation of moisture at the surface of the roadbed, at the same time they drain its foundation by the rapid absorption of water through their roots.

When a roadbed is properly constructed, drained and ditched, trees will do no harm.

It takes 196 trees to plant each side of a highway for one mile.

MICHIGAN MATTERS

Items of General Interest to Our Own People Received by Telegraph.

STATE HAPPENINGS RECORDED

News of Michigan Prepared for the Benefit and Convenience of Our Readers.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 1. — William Ryan, a 16-year-old boy from the Chicago slums, who had been enjoying an outing at the Forward Movement park at Saugatuck, was arrested here by Marshal Kamperbeck. Ryan had robbed D. L. Barber, at whose home he was staying, of four boxes of cigars, two watches, several fishing rods and reels, which he carried in his hands. The rest of his plunder was found in his satchel.

Charges Against Druggists. Charlotte, Mich., Aug. 1. — The saloonists of this city have publicly registered a kick on two drug stores of this city. They charge that the druggists not only sell all kinds of liquor by the drink on week days but keep open Sundays and on holidays. They appeal to the people to encourage the officers to either make the druggists pay the license or close up. Arrests are expected to follow.

Charged with Kidnaping. Ypsilanti, Mich., Aug. 1. — Alfonso Ostrander, of Ypsilanti, has sworn out a warrant charging his half-sister, Mrs. Jennie Wood, of Willis, with kidnaping his 7-year-old daughter Gratia, while he was away working in Lenawee county. The child's mother is dead, and Ostrander has a second wife. The Woods allege that Gratia was neglected and that the child wants to stay with her aunt. Mrs. Wood's examination was set for Aug. 24, before Justice Joslyn.

RULING OF GREAT IMPORTANCE Information Herebefore Held Privileged in Criminal Cases Must Be Shown the Other Side.

Port Huron, Mich., July 30. — A precedent of great importance was established by Judge Tappan in the trial of William Gifford for the murder of James Gaffney. Immediately after the murder Prosecuting Attorney Burt D. Cady had a round-up of the eye-witnesses of the shooting and took their statements under oath, taking the measure as a precautionary step to prevent any possible tampering with the witnesses or the changing of their stories. Such information has heretofore always been considered as privileged and the affidavits thereof as being rightfully the property of the prosecution.

Judge Tappan, however, holds that the defense is entitled to know the full import of these affidavits, taking the position that the prosecutor, as a servant of the people, takes the precautionary measures only in the interest of justice, and that as a matter of right the prisoner is entitled to the knowledge of a witness' first statement as well as the prosecution.

Charged with Stealing \$6,000. Hillsdale, Mich., July 30. — Ray Holcomb, Lewis McMurtree, Roscoe Holcomb and Ernest Stamfield, all of Allen township, are in jail on a charge of robbing Mrs. Anna Knopf, of Allen village, of \$6,000 in cash, notes and other securities. Mrs. Knopf is proprietor of a hotel, and Ray Holcomb and McMurtree were employed by her. She kept the money and papers in a box in her room. Seventy dollars in money was recovered.

White Pigeon Bank Closes. White Pigeon, Mich., Aug. 1. — The State bank here, capitalized at \$251,000 and one of the oldest financial institutions in the southern part of the state, is not open for business. A statement has been issued by the officers of the bank promising the depositors payment in full. No reason was assigned for the closing of the bank.

Tot Got Hold of Matches. Elk Rapids, Mich., July 30. — The 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin M. Hubbard was burned to death while alone in their home. During the absence of the mother at a neighbor's the child got hold of some matches and struck them. His clothes caught fire and he was so badly burned that death resulted in a short time.

Hobo Forced a Free Ride. Owosso, Mich., Aug. 1. — Conductor John Robinson was forced at the point of a revolver to allow a hobo to ride on a Grand Trunk passenger train east from Ovid to this city. The fellow kept the conductor standing outside the coach door while the train ran nine miles, then swung off and escaped.

Landmark Is a Wreck. Saginaw, Mich., July 30. — The C. L. Benjamin homestead, an old landmark at Oakley and Benjamin streets, was wrecked by an explosion and resultant fire during the absence of T. G. Bessie and family, the tenants. Bessie's loss is \$1,000, fully insured.

Doesn't Want Any Park. Bay City, Mich., Aug. 1. — The west side council refused the offer of T. R. Shaver and John C. Harris to deed part of the Dennison addition to the city for public park purposes. Only two aldermen voted in favor of accepting.

Two Drowned While Fishing. Cleveland, O., Aug. 1. — John Kockers and Jacob Margo, of this city, were drowned in Lake Erie while fishing from a boat.

ROLLED AND SLID 600 FEET

Narrow Escape from Death of a Man in the Republic Mine—Hands Badly Lacerated.

Negaunee, Mich., Aug. 1. — Victor Kalstrom, a young timber man in Republic mine, had a miraculous escape from death. While oiling the rolls in the incline shaft he missed his footing and fell almost headlong on a perilous descent. As he rolled and slid down the first 300 feet, he clutched at the rails and, as some of these were worn in places, his hands were so lacerated by the splintered pieces of iron that he was unable to maintain his grasp.

He continued his descent for full 300 feet farther, when a bump sent him over the other skip rod. As he went across the shaft at this point he encountered an eight-inch air pipe and had the presence of mind to throw one arm about it. But for this he would have gone down over 1,000 feet further. Kalstrom was not fatally injured and will be out again in a few days.

WHOLE TOWN WAS IN DANGER

Grist Mill at Kalkaska Burns When Everything Near Is as Dry as Tinder — Loss, \$10,000.

Kalkaska, Mich., Aug. 2. — The grist mill of Beebe Bros. was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock in the morning and for a time the town was in great danger, everything being as dry as tinder for lack of rain. Blazing shingles from the roof of the burning building carried by a strong breeze were sown broadcast over the roofs for a distance of over a mile.

The fire spread to adjacent lumber piles and sheds and gave the fire department a very hard battle. The loss on the mill and contents will be in the neighborhood of \$10,000, with no insurance. The building was one of the landmarks, having been one of the first buildings erected thirty years ago.

Pioneer Business Man Dead.

Union City, Mich., Aug. 2. — Samuel Corbin, aged 61 years, one of the most prominent business men of this place, dropped dead in his office of heart disease. Fifteen minutes before he was apparently in good health. Corbin had been in business in Union City for forty years, for the past ten years he had dealt in grain exclusively. He was quite wealthy and an extensive owner of real estate.

Has Another Charge to Answer.

Flint, Mich., Aug. 1. — Harry Vrooman, who with Mrs. Ida Paquette, were arrested and jailed while on a lark in this city, finished his sentence of thirty days and was turned over to Detective High, who took him to Detroit to answer a charge of embezzling money from a laundry for which he worked. Ida's friends paid her fine and she returned home several days ago.

Population of Saginaw.

Lansing, Mich., July 20. — The census report on Saginaw shows a population of 46,710, an increase of 4,265 over 1900, but only 400 more than in 1890. It is believed that the 1890 report was padded to keep Saginaw up to par City. According to the 1904 report the female population is larger than the male population, the figures being: Males, 22,997; females, 23,713.

Freak of the Lightning.

Rochester, Mich., Aug. 1. — Lightning struck James Stackhouse, of Detroit while he was assisting his brother Luther in threshing. His experience was most startling and unique. His clothing was torn into shreds, even his gloves being rent from his hands and his shoes from his feet, while his body is completely covered with blisters. That he was not killed is a miracle.

Rail Damages the Grain.

Gagetown, Mich., Aug. 1. — A terrific hail storm passed two miles south of this village, doing great damage to crops. Grain was literally threshed out and corn stripped to the bare stock. Lightning struck the house of Henry A. Whipple, and Whipple, wife and daughter, were badly shocked. The paper on the wall was scorched and plaster knocked off.

Camp Meeting for Indians.

Traverse City, Mich., Aug. 2. — Arrangements have been completed for an Indian camp meeting at Northport, Aug. 12-22. Several hundred Indians will be present, living in tents on the ground and a large auditorium tent seating several hundred will be used. The meetings will be under the auspices of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Does Look Miraculous.

Cadillac, Mich., Aug. 2. — A rakeman Fred A. Nye fell under a train near Mayfield while switching and an empty flat car passed over his right leg above the knee. His leg was bruised considerably, but the doctor says it can be saved, and that no bones were broken, which seems a miracle.

Buried Mother and Babe Together.

Brighton, Mich., July 30. — The bodies of Mrs. Reuben Blades and her babe whose life she ended at the same time she took poison at Pontiac, were brought here and were buried in one coffin from the home of her aunt here, Mrs. Blades was formerly Miss Augusta Krebs, of this city.

Population of Grand Rapids.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 2. — The population of Grand Rapids, according to the new census, is 95,718, as compared to \$7,505 in 1900. The increase is about 9 1/2 per cent. Grand Rapids is the home of 22,688 families. There are 47,377 males and 48,341 females.

Golden Wedding Celebrated.

Holland, Mich., Aug. 2. — Mr. and Mrs. John Tenhave, of New Holland, who came here from the Netherlands in '47, celebrated their golden wedding.

LADIES' BELTS SHIRT WAIST SETS

and.....

FANCY COLLARS

WHITE VESTINGS FOR WAISTS

FANCY BUTTONS, BRAIDS AND APPLIQUE TRIMMINGS.

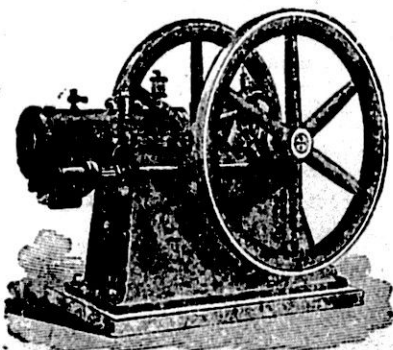
VELVET RIBBONS IN BLACK AND COLORS

FINE LINE OF GINGHAMS AND PERCALES

SILKOLINES AND ROBE PRINTS

KABO CORSETS AND BLACK MERJERIZED SATEN PETTICOATS

G. VAN PUTTEN



Do you want to have a Gasoline Engine that will give you comfort and profit, that will not balk or cause trouble? Come and see us. We are reasonable in price and do as we agree.

Kerkhof Water Supplies,

Cor. River & 9th Sts.

WIND MILLS, WELLS, PLUMBING, SEWERS.



PIONEER STOCK FARM

is still in the lead as having the BEST HORSES IN WESTERN MICHIGAN, both Draft and Trotting Breeds.

Farmers, if you are after QUALITY and HANDSOME horses, come to the Pioneer Stock Farm.

JOHN SCHIPPER, Proprietor.

Fillmore, Mich.

LUMBER

Come to us for your lumber, lath, shingles and inside finish. All we want is to get acquainted—the quality and price of our material will do the rest.

We also contract and build.

Timmer & Verhey

Yard in Rear of Cook's Mill.

ZEELAND, MICH

The Story of a Wise Fool

By HOMER FISK

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Bohemia was in full session at Maffoli's. Everybody knows, of course, where Maffoli's is—Maffoli's, right around the corner in the little alley, where all the middle sort of actors and artists and musicians and that sort, go at unholy hours to restore tired nerves and fill empty stomachs, with the sparkling wit and the good viands set forth—the latter by Maffoli at a most scandalously reasonable price.

Well, this was well past the hour of midnight and the choice spirits present were just beginning to cut loose and enjoy themselves. Three tables had been dragged into the middle of the room and placed end to end. About this improvised banquet board were seated a score or more of the devotees of innermost Bohemia. The feast was over and the mugs of beer and clouds of cigarette smoke told that the "session" was on. Never were better stories told, never were songs better sung, never did laughter ring merrier.

There was but one solemn countenance at the board—and it was a veritable death's head at the feast. It was Benton, Russell Benton, who did juveniles so cleverly at the Bijou. And usually he was the gayest and most fun-loving of all Bohemia. Now he sat in his chair moody and sullen, drinking his beer savagely and responding not at all to the sallies of wit. Even the rallying of Tony Neiman, the original and slangy sporting editor of the Universe, whose brains, it was generally conceded, accorded with his 300 pounds and the dry wit of Archy Neville, the tall, thin, bearded artist, failed to arouse him. Finally, Mamie de Vere, the dashing little soubrette from the Academy, took the matter in hand. Perching on a chair and swinging her beer mug in her hand, she screamed:

"Look at Russ sitting there like a professional mourner at a funeral. I move, most potent, grave and reverend seignors, that he tell a good story, sing a good song or be fined the drinks."

"Hear, hear!" shouted the company. Benton looked up and smiled grimly. "Oh, go on," he growled. "It's all a fake anyhow. Booze and laugh and laugh and booze and then sleep it off and do it all over again to-morrow. I'm sick of the game. There's nothing in it."

"Why don't you quit it?" shouted little Veleni, the leader of the orchestra at the Grand, in his high treble.

"By heavens, I wish I could," returned Benton savagely. "I'll tell all you lobsers something. I wish I was back in the country, rambling about at the business end of a plow, dodging stumps and rocks—and that's no joke, either. Here we are—all of us thinkin' we're the wisest people on earth, makin' fools of ourselves before a lot of idiots for so much per and spending what we get giving ourselves paresis in this old tenth-rate joint. And when the season's over we haven't enough coin to get through the summer in a fourth floor, hall bedroom, without hawking next season's salary. Quit it! I'd quit it so quick it'd make your head swim if I hadn't cut my bridges behind me."

While he spoke a girl had entered the place, glanced about in a half frightened manner and shrank into an obscure seat at a corner table. She was fresh-faced and her attire bespoke the country. She seemed utterly out of place in Maffoli's. At the sound of Benton's voice she glanced toward him quickly and a startled look came into her eyes. The party in the middle of the room were so engrossed in Benton's strange words that they did not notice her at all.

"Oh, cut it," cried the de Vere from her perch on the chair. "No preaching at Maffoli's, hey boys? A song, a story or a drink and 'do it now.'"

"Wait a minute," spoke up George Preston Brooks, the long-haired poet in frayed trousers and the new and astounding Prince Albert. "Forsooth I have an idea. Russ evidently has a pastoral tale on his mind or conscience. I move he tell it. A little touch of the serious won't harm us at all."

"Good, good!" cried the crowd. "By heavens, I will," said Benton, pushing the beer mug from him and rising.

The girl in the corner had ordered coffee and a sandwich, which she left untouched, being absorbed apparently in the scene before her.

"There was, once upon a time, a thick-headed young fool who lived up in the country," began Benton grimly. "His father had a good farm and the young fool grew up where there was air to breathe and good stuff to eat and a soft bed to sleep on. He worked out in the open, ate like a hired man, slept like a baby and got up in the morning with a clear head and feeling like a fighting cock. Over yonder on the next farm but two, was a buxom, brown-eyed lass with cheeks like peaches and lips as red as roses. She milked the cows and churned the butter and washed the dishes and laughed and sang all day long. The fool used to go over to the other farm evenings to see the girl, and after awhile he took her to singing school or to meetin'.

Once he took her to the county fair. He got to sayin' foolish things to her and she used to blush and look at the ground. Once he kissed her. That night after he went home he swore to himself he would marry her. You see he didn't know then that he was a fool. The symptoms came on later. One time his father sent him to the city and he went to a show and the glare of the footlights dazzled him so that he

conceived the idiotic notion that an actor was the greatest man in the world and that an actor's life was one long dream of bliss. He went back home and began to read about actors and plays. Then some other idiot in the neighborhood got the amateur theatrical craze and the fool took part, and a lot of well-meaning, but addle-headed people told him that he did well and was cut out for an actor.

"Well, the fool got stage-struck and decided that the farm and fresh air and the good living and the good old father and mother and all the honest friends he had were not good enough for him and that he must go to the city and carve out a career. His mother was heartbroken and his father righteously angry at his decision. But of course the fool knew better than they. All fools know better than their mothers and fathers—especially cub-fools. So he went bravely away to the city, and by the sheer force of the physical vitality the country air and good living and decent hours had given him, he wormed himself into the perfesh and for ten years has been living in ill-smelling hotels and stuffy back rooms and eating everything from free lunch welters to the sort of rot this dago concocts in his rotten kitchen.

"The fool's father was a strong man and just, and when he died a few years ago he left his property to the fool's brother, who was a wise man and stayed with a good thing, and knew enough to come in when it rained. This proves that the fool's father knew his business. So now the fool is elected to eke out his miserable existence in company with other fools of both sexes in stuffy lodgings and on liver-wurst and beer and other abominations, while his brother peacefully smokes his pipe in comfort and happiness and watches his boys and girls grow to manhood and womanhood in the green fields which will be their heritage—unless they inherit their uncle and become fools."

"And the girl," suggested the poet.

"O, yes; the girl," replied Benton. "That is the most pitiful of all. You see the girl really loved the fool and her love blinded her to his folly and she thought it was all right for him to go to the city and demonstrate the depths of his idiocy. And the fool loved the girl, too, in a fool way and when he left he took her in his arms and kissed her and swore eternal fidelity and promised her a future part in his future triumphs. A few letters passed and then the fool graduated from the supe class into a speaking part, met up against this sort of a bunch and the paint and the rouge and the pads and the abandon and the wit and all the rest of it, as exemplified in our charm-



"I HAVE WAITED ALL THESE YEARS, I HAVE COME FOR YOU."

Ing de Vere, appeared to the fool as the real thing and he thought the little girl in the country too plain and simple—and he forgot to write for a long time. When he came out of his trance the shoe was on the other foot and he realized that he was not worthy to tie her shoe and that his life was not fit even to suggest to her. And so the fool is alone and will continue to paint his mug nightly, when the managers are good enough to let him, and make faces at the gaping crowds and to nurse the shylocks until some day when you, my dear friends, will have the proud privilege to chip in for a cheap coffin and a cheap preacher and a cheap grave somewhere."

Benton sat down and plunged his face into the beer mug. Archie Neville said "dam" and the de Vere leaped again into the chair to try and dispel the atmosphere, when a sudden interruption occurred. The girl sitting in the corner had moved quietly to Benton's elbow. She laid her hand on his arm.

"Russell," she said softly, "You said you would come for me and I said I would wait. I have waited all these years and you have not come. So I have come for you. Father is dead and the farm is mine—ours. Come home. Oh, it has been so hard to find you."

Benton rose as one dazed and looked at the girl. Then without a glance at the party he put his arm about her and together they walked out of Maffoli's.

"Well, wouldn't that make you articulate!" exclaimed Tony Neiman, in a low voice to Brooks. But the poet was busy making notes.

Blackberry Cordial.

Wash and mash the fresh berries, strain out the juice, and to each four quarts add one quart of boiling water. Let it stand in a cool place for 24 hours, stirring occasionally. Then strain again, and to each gallon add two and a half pounds of refined sugar. Stir well and cork tightly in jugs or seal in cans.—Good Housekeeping.

THE FARM HORSE.

Is the Average Horse of the Central West Too Light For Farm Labor?

Three years in succession the farmers of the corn belt have passed through unusual difficulties in putting in their crops, this being due to heavy precipitations during the seeding and planting months. In at least three ways this has operated against the interests of farmers. In the first place, on account of the soil being wet the seeding of crops has been delayed; in the second place, on account of the wetness of the soil tillage operations have been carried on with extreme difficulty, while lastly the season for sowing and planting has been so short as to draw upon the man and horse forces for labor to an extent that could scarcely be supplied. These unusual conditions have taught us that the average farm horse of the central west is not heavy enough for the work that he is called upon to perform.

We are well aware of the fact that many men are strong advocates of the 1,200 or 1,300 pound horse, claiming that such an animal for all round utility on the farm will give more satisfactory service than one that is heavier. While we admit that there are cases where the 1,200 or 1,300 pound horse is a very handy animal, yet in our opinion it would add much to the wealth of the corn belt if the average horse weighed 1,400 or 1,500 pounds and combined with this weight his present quality.

We will go further and say that there is an important place for the 1,600 and 1,700 pound horse to be used in farm work. Who among our light horse advocates has not wished for a little more weight many times in the spring? We have in mind a few individuals whose horses weigh on an average about 1,500 pounds, and these passed through the spring work with a much greater degree of ease than the 1,200 pound animals.

We talk about our lighter horse being useful when we put him on the road, but in the corn belt if we compare the amount of roading that is to be done with the abundance of labor on the farm we will find that the former is insignificant compared with the latter and that we should equip ourselves with horses suited to farm labor and allow the road work to be a matter of secondary consideration.

We realize that there will be many among our readers who still hold their opinion that the 1,200 pound horse is more useful, but we venture to assert that these individuals are not putting the plows down and doing the good work with the disks and harrows that their neighbors are who own and operate heavier horses. It is true that something depends upon the character of a soil, but as much of the soil in the corn belt is comparatively close in texture and works with a degree of difficulty we believe that we are entirely within the lines of safety when we strongly advocate breeding up for use on the farm equines of greater scale.

Instead of breeding the farm mare to a road horse in order to raise workers it will be much more profitable in the long run to breed to stallions belonging to some of our heavier breeds. The offspring in this case will not only be much more valuable if placed on the market, but will be of greater utility if kept on the farm. If you have never made any comparison please note the difference between four 1,200 pound horses when hitched on a disk and the same number of 1,500 pounders. In the case of the lighter team you will find the driver adjusting his lever so that the disk will not "bite" quite so hard, while in the case of the heavy team there is no need of any such adjustment. It follows that the seed bred in the latter case will be prepared in a much better manner than in the former.—Iowa Homestead.

In the Medicinal Garden.

The world's fair has a strip of land 180 feet by 40 feet wide devoted to medicinal and drug plants. The plants are labeled to show the scientific and the common names, the parts used in medicines and their properties. The grass family occupies the first position in the field and includes in this exhibit the most valuable member and one of the most worthless from the farmer's standpoint—namely, corn and couch grass, the cornstarch and silk furnished by the former being used in medicine, and the running rootstock of the latter, a source of much trouble to the farmer, also possessing medicinal properties.

Golden seal, a native plant for the root of which a great demand exists and which brings a good price, will also be found here as well as another plant which has caused a flurry in the market on account of short supply—namely, the Cascara sagrada tree, the bark of which is employed medicinally.

One Thing and Another.

An important grass for hay in the west and one especially resistant to drought is the wheat grass (Agropyron occidentale). This spreads by extensively creeping underground stems. The foliage is stiff and harsh, but nevertheless it forms a very nutritious hay.

One of the so called "hog tamer" devices for preventing pigs from rooting is pronounced by T. F. McConnell of Arizona "entirely successful and much to be preferred to the hog ring."

Emmer was grown last season at all the experimental farms of Canada, with yields varying from seventeen bushels and twenty pounds to forty-three bushels and forty-four pounds per acre.

The secret of success in cattle raising, according to an Illinois cattleman, is plenty of pasture—more than you need, so you won't pasture it to death in July and August.

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PRODUCE.

Butter, per lb. 15
Eggs, per doz. 5-6
Dried Apples, per lb. 40-45
Potatoes, per bu. 1.00
Beans, hand picked, per bu. 1.00
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GRAIN.

Wheat, per bu. old and new 98
Oats, per bu. best white 33
Rye, per bu. 60
Buckwheat per bu. 60
Corn, 60
Barley, per 100 1.00
Clover Seed, per bu. 7.50
Timothy seed, per bu. (to consumers) 2.00

BEEF, PORK, ETC.

Chickens, dressed, per lb. 10 to 15
Chickens, live, per lb. 8 to 10
Turkeys live 14
Turkey, per lb. 4 to 6
Lard, per lb. 8 to 10
Beef, dressed, per lb. 6 to 8
Pork, dressed, per lb. 7 to 8
Mutton, dressed, per lb. 6 to 7
Veal, per lb. 11
Lamb 11

FLOUR AND FEED.

Price to consumers

Hay 12 to 15
Flour, "Sunlight," patent, per barrel 6 3/4
Flour "Daisy," straight, per barrel 5 80
Ground Feed 1 35 per hundred 25 00 per ton.
Corn Meal, unbolted 1 30 per hundred, 24 00 per ton.
Corn Meal, bolted 3 30 per barrel.
Middlings 1 25 per hundred 23 00 per ton.
Bran 1 15 per hundred, 21 75 per ton
Unmixed Meal 8 50 per hundred.

HIDES.

Prices paid by the Cappon & Bertsch Leather Co.
No. 1 cured hide 9
" 1 green hide 8
" 1 tallow 4 1/2

Wool.

Unwashed 10

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by W. C. Walsh, Druggist.

Revolution Imminent.

A sure sign of approaching revolt and serious trouble in your system is nervousness, sleeplessness or stomach upsets. Electric Bitters will quickly dismember the troublesome causes. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the Kidneys and Bowels, stimulate the Liver, and clarify the blood. Run down systems benefit particularly and all the usual attending aches vanish under its searching and thorough effectiveness. Electric Bitters is only 50c, and that is returned if it don't give perfect satisfaction. Guaranteed by W. C. Walsh, Druggist.

A Remarkable Record.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a remarkable record. It has been in use for over thirty years, during which time many million bottles have been sold and used. It has long been the standard and main reliance in the treatment of croup in thousands of homes, yet during all this time no case has ever been reported to the manufacturers in which it failed to effect a cure. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even as soon as the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is pleasant to take, many children like it. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by W. C. Walsh, Holland, Van Bree & Son, Zeeland.

Get a bottle of Rexall Cough Syrup for that cough. Satisfaction guaranteed; 25c at

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We carry a nice up-to-date line of Dorothy Dodd and other makes of shoes.

LOKKER-RUTGERS CO.

If you want a swell suit of clothes call on

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Rexall Cough Syrup never fails to stop the worst cough. If it does we refund your money; 25c at

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We are prepared to do the finest repairing on watches and jewelry that can be done anywhere. We have had years of experience as gold and silversmiths. We carry a fine line of watches and jewelry and will compete with any watchmaker or jeweler in the city. Our prices are reasonable. All work warranted. We have just received a splendid line of silverware. The finest repairing and engraving in the city.

C. Pieper & Son,
230 River St., Holland.

GIRL WANTED.

At Van Drezer's restaurant.

A Frightened Horse.

Running like mad down the street, dumping the occupants, or a hundred other accidents are every day occurrences. It behooves everybody to have a reliable Salve handy—and there's none as good as Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Burns, Cuts, Sores, Eczema and Piles disappear quickly under its soothing effect. 25c at W. C. Walsh's Drug Store.

LOTS FOR SALE.

Two lots on Pine street and one on West Seventeenth street for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Enquire at this office.

FARM FOR SALE—Farm of 80 acres 2 miles west of Coopersville; 30 acres improved; small peach orchard; part suitable for growing celery. Inquire of Benj. Bosink, R. F. D. No. 1, Hudsonville.

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Barn Shingles at 90c \$1.00, \$1.15.

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Star A Star, Extra Star A Star and Red Cedar at lowest prices.

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Have just received a shipment of Couches. Handsomely designed Frames, upholstered in Crushed Plush or Plain and Fancy Figured Velours.

Buy our Couches with Guaranteed Springs.

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FARM FOR SALE.

Eighty acres of good farm land for sale. Good house and barn, good out-buildings, good well, good apple orchard. Located 2 1/2 miles from the south city limits on the East Saugatuck road and half a mile east. Must sell on account of poor health. Can be had at a bargain if taken soon. Enquire at this office.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Solid Gold Rings from 50c up, at Stevenson's Jewelry Store.

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you may require the service of a **Dentist**. Then remember that nowhere can you get better service than we give.

In every operation, from the very simplest to the most difficult, we always use the greatest care and caution; so that there can be no possible chance of failure.

The daily recommendations of our patients plainly show that our reputation as thorough, honest, skilful dentists is merited.

Our prices never vary.

Plates \$5 Silver and Cement Fillings... 50c
Gold Fillings up from 50c Teeth extracted without pain. 25c

CORRESPONDENCE.

Drenthe.

Everything has changed on account of the rain. It has made glad the heart of every farmer.

Our canning factory has closed for this season and has made a fine run, even if the peas were not as they might have been. They expect to make a short run yet on tomatoes.

Last Thursday some fifty of our young people spent a day at the park. They surely made the best of it, for they came home at a late hour.

The prospects of building a race track are good, since we already have quite a few fast horses in our town, "Turk" and Fennville being the leading trotters.

Messrs. Hunderman, Ter Haar and Van Welt have returned from their trip to Dakota. They give excellent reports.

Women who have themselves suffered from the evil effects of constipation and indigestion will be interested in the following letter from a father whose daughter was given up to die by two physicians:

"My daughter has suffered from indigestion for the past five years and has tried nearly everything that she could hear of for such trouble. She was confined to her bed when she began taking Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and after taking one fifty-cent bottle she is able to walk a mile at a time and during the day yesterday walked 31-2 miles. I feel like praising Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin because two doctors told me my daughter could not get well, and I feel that she is on a fair road to permanent relief. Respectfully,
J. H. M. CROCKER.

Nixon, Tenn., Aug. 6, 1900.
D. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold in fifty-cent and \$1.00 bottles, under a positive guarantee, by W. C. Walsh.

Forest Grove.

The Reformed church of this place has extended a call to Rev. Cheff of Grand Rapids.

The Sunday school will have a picnic next Wednesday at the grove of D. Nyenhuis.

Fight Will Be Bitter.

Those who will persist in closing their ears against the continual recommendation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will have a long and bitter fight with their troubles. It not ended earlier by fatal termination. Read what T. R. Beall of Beall, Miss., has to say: "Last fall my wife had every symptom of consumption. She took Dr. King's New Discovery after everything else had failed. Improvement came at once and four bottles entirely cured her." Guaranteed by W. C. Walsh, Druggist. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles, 10c.

Overisel.

Henry Hoffman has started to remodel his house.

Last Monday morning the horses of Mr. Nakken were frightened at the creamery by the sudden escape of steam from the engine. Mr. Nakken jumped to catch the lines, but was caught under the wheels and badly hurt. In turning, the wagon upset and the horses ran into a wire fence and there stopped.

Messrs. Henry and Albert Rigerink are attending the exposition at St. Louis.

Rev. Bloemendal of Muskegon, who was lately much seen on our streets with his auto, has returned home.

Mr. Kregel bids fair to stay with us. Many of the Overisel people are taking in the Indian campmeetings at Hamilton.

Wedding bells will soon ring south of the village.

G. Hagelskamp and Mr. Vollink were in Holland on business Wednesday.

The copious showers of last Saturday night and Sunday morning were greatly appreciated by the thirsty farmers and people in general.

J. H. Koopman was in town Thursday.

Mrs. J. H. Vangteveen, of Sioux City, Iowa, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Wednesday evening the Overisel orchestra surprised Mrs. J. H. Slotman. Refreshments were served and an enjoyable evening was spent.

The farmers are deep in the oat harvest, which is a very fair crop this season.

L. D. Slotman was in Holland on business Thursday.

H. H. Lampen visited his brother-in-law, G. J. Dangenberg, and family Wednesday.

Overisel orchestra held a picnic at the park last Friday, and all had a pleasant time.
The ball game Tuesday between the Oakland and Overisel teams was won by the former. Score 13 to 11. Batteries—A. Rigerink, A. Lampen; John Ter Avest, Dan Kronmeyer. Umpire—Henry Rigerink.

THE HOG INDUSTRY.

Its Wide Adaptation to American General Conditions.
By GEORGE M. ROMMEL, Expert in Animal Husbandry.

The hog has always occupied an important place in the animal husbandry of the United States. Unlike the supply of breeds of other kinds of live stock, the main dependence of American farmers for hogs has been placed upon breeds that have been developed on American soil. With a large native stock at hand, by selecting and feeding, blending strains and molding forms, American farmers may be said to have done for hogs what English farmers have done for the breeds of beef cattle and mutton sheep.

Five distinct breeds have originated within that section of the country where corn is notably a feature in farming—viz, the Chester White in Pennsylvania, the Duroc Jersey in New Jersey and New York, the Poland-China in Ohio and Illinois, the Victoria in New York and Indiana, and the Cheshire in New York. From the localities of their origin these breeds have been gradually disseminated over the entire country, the Poland-China and Duroc Jersey having perhaps the widest distribution. Coincident with the development of native breeds the leading English breeds, particularly the Berkshire, have come into more or less popularity.

The first place in hog raising in the United States is easily with the corn growing sections, and here corn is the first grain thought of when the fattening of animals, especially hogs, is mentioned. Yet the advantages of many of the corn belt states are little, if at all, superior to those outside of that district. The south has an abundance of vegetation. Cowpeas, velvet beans and peanuts are leguminous crops that are peculiar to that section. Corn grows readily in all parts of the south, and in the subtropical portions the experience of feeders with cassava seems to indicate that it has considerable value for pork production. In addition there is generally an abundant water supply, the climate is mild, and there is a long period during which green feed is available; the expense of shelter and winter feeding is very greatly lessened. These conditions, giving a long period of pasture and outdoor life, enhance thrift and, with proper management, insure great freedom from disease.

In the extreme west the alfalfa of the irrigated valleys and the clover of the coast districts give a splendid foundation for successful pork production. In most of these regions there is an abundance of small grain, particularly barley, that may often be fed economically, while in some localities corn is a successful crop.

Barley is of much interest to the experimenter, and its use is of great importance in the production of prime pork. This grain has not been relied upon to a great extent in America as the principal part of a hog fattening ration, but the practice of Danish farmers and the results of experiments can very well be studied with profit by American feeders. The Danish bacon, which figures so prominently in the English markets, is produced mainly with barley and dairy byproducts.

In the grain growing districts of eastern Washington corn is raised to a very limited extent, but barley is an abundant crop and can be produced at minimum cost, and often wheat may be utilized. In nearly all parts of this section there are irrigated valleys where alfalfa grows abundantly.

The purpose of these remarks is not to minimize the value of corn in meat production of any kind. Corn is perhaps, with a favorable climate and soil, the most economical grain that is at the command of the stock raiser and feeder of the United States.

Potato Rosette.

Rosette of the peach has become familiar to fruit growers in Michigan of late years. Now the Ohio farmers and truckers are becoming acquainted with rosette of the potato. There is also a tomato rosette and a rosette of forcing house lettuce.

An efficient means of potato rosette prevention and one easily applied is the treatment of the seed potatoes by Pretty Miss Nellie Hascomb, Omaha: "I owe my good looks and health to Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Have fully regained my health." Tea or tablets. 35 cents. Haan Bros.

On the "Wheel" to St. Louis.

A great many people think it difficult to go to St. Louis on a bicycle. The writer wishes to say that it can be made such, but it necessarily doesn't have to be. It depends altogether on the one who undertakes the task. There certainly are a great many obstacles to be overcome. A trip of this nature has its good and bad sides and to one who is accustomed to take even the bad side good naturedly, it becomes, indeed, interesting.

I take great pleasure to write in a few simple words that which may be of interest to the readers of this paper. I started out from an obscure place somewhere in the southern part of Ottawa county with a little extra clothing in a valise and a few "golden" hidden somewhere in the upper left hand corner of my pantaloons, with my heart as light as my bundles and my mind taxed to overflowing with plans. I knew that it would be a long time before I should be permitted to cast another glance on that little Dutch settlement which now vanished from my sight as dew drops disappear before the rays of the sun. A few hours of hard labor through deep sand brought me to Allegan. This was on the 15th of July. On the 16th, Kalamazoo, the most beautiful city in Michigan was reached. Here I stopped until the 22nd and in that time passed by the hottest days of the month. Among the points of interest in this city may be found the insane asylum, which has about 1,500 inmates, whose minds are deranged or totally blank. Examples of great patience can be found in the nurses who try to soothe or lead those with no understanding.

Seven large paper mills are located there. Rags, straw and timber are ground into a pulp at one end and at the other end of the factory is produced paper of various shades and quality. Quite an improvement since Moses' time.

After visiting the celery farms I made my way to Battle Creek. On entering the town from the northwest one is immediately impressed by the large industries of this city. First of all the "Malta Vita" Food company, the largest in the world. I entered the office and asked permission to visit the factory. This was "flatly" denied. Seeing that the officer in charge was in a bad mood on account of being in charge of the girl employees, I conjectured I decided to visit the pipe organ factory. With a friend I was given a guide and he showed us all the points of interest. The factory, being newly built, was modern in all respects.

Among the improvements was the temperature regulator. Tubes with wax stoppers were fastened in the ceiling, and whenever the temperature became sufficiently high to melt the wax a spray of cold water would enter the building. This stopped automatically. The building had separate water works. Another improvement was the time regulator of the employees. Every employee was expected to work 50 hours per week. He was given the privilege of starting at about 6:15 a. m., take an hour or more for dinner and stop not later than 6:30 p. m. When his 50 hours were put in he was free. If all factories would give more liberty to employees there would evidently be less striking.

Then there is the Advance Thresher & Engine Co., a plant covering 40 acres of ground. It is very interesting to see this vast machine which weighs about 2,300 pounds each.

But of greater interest than all is the Sanitarium, built and managed by the Seventh Day Adventists. This institution is known all over the world. It had 601 inmates from many different states. Pure food dinners are served between 2 and 3:30 o'clock, at 15 cents. No animal food such as steak, bacon or lamb is served from the fact that it contains uric acid. Butter is made from nuts. Only sterilized milk can be used. The meals are very delicious.

The tabernacle, erected under the direction of Mrs. Eddy, has a seating capacity of several thousand. The population of Battle Creek is in the neighborhood of 25,000, but will be greatly increased when the Grand Trunk railway establishes its truck plant, for which the citizens are eagerly waiting.

From Battle Creek to Coldwater, the city of automobiles, is a distance of nearly 45 miles. The country is dotted with little villages in size the same as Drenthe and Oakland with less "boom."

In Coldwater we find the home for the homeless children. In the neighborhood of 200 orphans found this place of joy and contentment. It takes all of 50 employees to take care of this institution. There is no distinction made on account of race or color. Little negro babies are served with as much care as the pale faces.

Coldwater is indeed a city of automobiles, with a population of about 3,000 residents. It is said about 54 of these are "infernal" machines, for such they are termed by the farmers, whose horses "hike the pike" on being approached.

A few hours' riding and Michigan disappears. The first little town in Indiana of importance is Angola, for there is located the Tri-State Normal, with an attendance of nearly 800. A little ride on the electric car to the lake regions is full of beautiful sights, for here we come to the hills which mark the termination of the ice bergs which came down from the north during the glacial period, and descended toward the south for hundreds of feet. When on their tops we can see the Indiana corn and hay fields in the distance, enclosing beautiful little lakes.

Reflecting a moment to the times when all this beautiful country was covered, according to geology, with ice and snow, we cannot help but appreciate the change.

Now come the pike roads called such because they are all gravelled and are as hard as pavement. A great deal could be said about the farms in northern Indiana, but time will not permit us to go into details. Let us suffice to state that the corn is far advanced, wheat poor, and hay and oats excellent.

I am now in Ft. Wayne. Will gladly write about it in the next issue of the Times.

Yours for adventure,
"COUNTRY BOY."

Mary Jennings, N. Yamhill, Oregon—Could not get along without Rocky Mountain Tea. Makes women strong and beautiful. Keeps them well. 37 cents. Haan Bros.

G. A. Roberts, of Lintner, Ill., suffered four years with a wad in his stomach and could not eat. He lost 65 pounds. Two bottles of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin restored his appetite, cured his stomach trouble and today he is well and hearty and says he owes his health to Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. For sale by W. C. Walsh.

MEN'S SHOES.

Ralston Health and Douglas shoes, best on earth, at Lokker-Rutgers Co.

Rogers' Knives and Forks at Stevenson's Jewelry Store.



APPLES FOR HOME USE.

The Cream of Well Tested Varieties. Making a Succession.

When a man plants apples for the family needs he should consider quality first. This ought to take precedence over everything else. He should grow varieties that he can view with pleasure on his table and be able to hand to his friends without diffidence or inward misgivings. He will not grow Ben Davis, nor will he have many Baldwins, York Imperials or Twenty Ounces. He will have a succession and the finest of each season. This is the fun of fruit growing or gardening.

I would have a succession of apples as of peas—something to open the season early and others to continue the supply consecutively. What shall we have? We shall certainly want a tree or two of Yellow Transparent, the earliest of the apples, excellent for sauce, good to eat, but tender, easily bruised and very short lived. We must also have an Astrachan for its cooking qualities, a Williams Favorite to eat or cook; but, speaking of eating, do not overlook Early Joe, a weakly tree, with fruit subject to crack, scab and rather perishable. But, shades of apple trees past and gone, how I do remember the old tree in the home orchard, and how it was promptly visited by the boys of the family and the neighborhood after a windstorm in September! To my mind, it is the most delicious of all apples, with a buttery, pearlike flavor quite incomparable.

If one desires good August and September pie apples plant a tree each of Duchess and Wealthy. The trees are very productive, and the first is surprisingly beautiful. Those who know La Belle Famence of the province of Quebec will certainly set a tree or two of this delicious, red cheeked, snow white fleshed apple and another tree or two of its seedling—McIntosh Red—which has nearly all the good qualities of its parent, with added sprightliness of flavor.

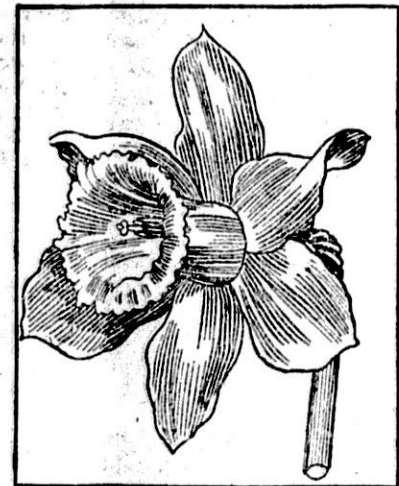
Now we are up to the holiday season. What shall we have for winter? Spitzenberg, for one, certainly Swayze Pomme Grise for another, Blue Pearmain, English Golden Russet and Yellow Newtown Pippin. This need not complete the list. Perhaps you would like a Spy and a King. If so I would top work both of them, the first on Tolman and the second on Spy. This, to my notion, includes the cream of the old apple list so far as quality is concerned. Plant discriminatingly: cultivate conscientiously.—John Craig in American Gardening.

AMONG THE DAFFODILS.

Time to Plant For Spring Blooming. A Very Popular Sort.

The section of the daffodil family that is perhaps most popular is that of the large Trumpet narcissus. The flowers are very large, sometimes two and one-half to three inches across, and the trumpets from two to three inches in length.

The flowers are firm in texture, with long stiff stalks, and they last well in



LARGE TRUMPET NARCISSUS.

water when cut for decorative uses. The bulbs are hardy and of easy culture, whether planted in September or October in the garden in clumps or masses for spring blooming or grown in pots for winter house blooming.

Of yellow varieties Golden Spur and Trumpet Major are among the most splendid. Albicans is an elegant white and Horskfieldii one of the most beautiful of the whites, with yellow trumpet.

The Florist's Chrysanthemums.

By the middle of August, if all matters are attended to properly, strong bushy chrysanthemum plants, maybe a couple of feet high and wide, are the result and the foundation is laid for the fall feast of flowers. By that time all pinching back must be stopped. The flowering shoots, and they are all of that character, are allowed to develop, and soon the disbudbing begins. All the buds but one on each shoot, generally speaking the topmost one, had better be rubbed off so as to get better flowers at the expense of quantity. At this time liquid manure will be found beneficial—in fact, necessary—for the best results. Sheep manure makes a good liquid fertilizer. In the absence of this—but it is easily obtainable—barleyd manure can be used as a liquid stimulant. The quantity to be used is best determined by the condition of the plants, and it is always best to wash it in thoroughly immediately after applying. Staking will of course be found necessary in most cases. That will suggest itself.—P. O'Mara.

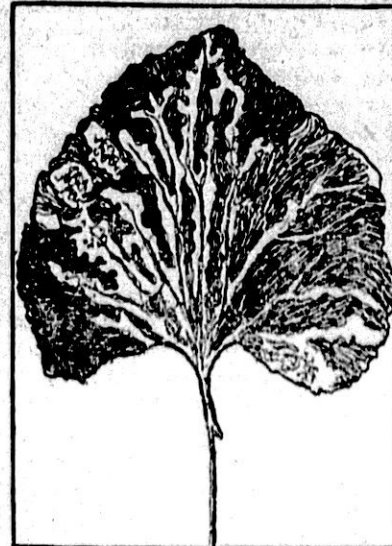
More Tropical Fruits in the Market. The supply of tropical and sub-tropical fruits in our markets is constantly increasing. Among fruits of this character are pomelos, Peento peaches, alligator pears, roselle or Jamaica sorrel and Surinam cherry.



CANTALOUPE LEAF BLIGHT.

A Very Common Trouble and Its Preventive Treatment.

Leaf blight is the most common of the cantaloupe troubles. The leaves become covered with light to dark brown, generally circular, spots, which increase in size and finally coalesce, resulting in a complete withering and curling of the leaf. The spots commonly show fine and rather indistinct concentric markings, such as are found in the common alternaria blight of the potato.



EARLY STAGE OF LEAF BLIGHT.

The leaf stalks and vines are also affected. The cut shows a cantaloupe leaf in the earlier stage of this blight. The blight is caused by a fungus known as *Macrosporium cucumerinum*. Its occurrence in widely distanced localities makes it probable that it is generally distributed over the United States.

The main body of the fungus grows within the host plant and here and there produces at the surface of the leaf on the dead spots clusters of erect filament or sporophores which bear on their ends greatly elongated, clublike spores.

Treatment.—The disease can be prevented or at least held in check by spraying with bordeaux mixture. The first application should be made when the vines are from twelve to eighteen inches long and then every two weeks during the season.

To provide for the spraying confine the vines to long sections of land 100 feet wide, with spaces three or four feet wide between the strips, which shall be kept clean of vines. The pump and barrel can be mounted on a drag or stoneboat and drawn by a horse along the length of the strip. Fifty feet of small hose will reach one-half way across a strip. In this way one-half of two adjacent strips can be sprayed from one position, or 100 feet at a time, and by going back and forth along the walks the entire field can be covered.

The bordeaux mixture should be of the usual strength—i. e., six pounds of bluestone, six pounds of lime, to fifty gallons of water.—Frederick D. Chester, Delaware.

Doubling the Begonia.

Commenting upon the Temple show, the great horticultural event of the year in London, Gardening says: The tuberous begonia continues to secure a very large share of popular support, and growers made great efforts to show their finest strains. Some of these show to what a degree of perfection the symmetrical doubling of the flowers has now come. It seems hardly possible to get the flowers of tuberous begonias much larger than they are at present, but there certainly seems to be no limit to the marvelous shades of color evolved year after year. Instead of the raw, crude tones so prevalent a few years ago the colors are now much softer, purer and brighter.

Beds For Fall Bulbs.

All kinds of bulbs are partial to a deep, rich, well drained soil. This is no small part of their successful culture. In flatlands the beds may be made above the surface some eighteen inches high and bordered with grass. A layer of rough stones a foot deep is sometimes used in the bottom of ordinary beds for drainage with good results. The soil for beds should be well enriched with old manure. Fresh manure should never be used about bulbs. Some leaf mold and sand improve the texture of heavy soils. For lilies the leaf mold may be omitted. Let the spading be at least a foot deep.—Bailey.

Old and Great.

The largest tree in Oregon was felled recently to be sent as a curiosity to the world's fair. It is the Aberdeen spruce and stood nearly 300 feet high, 40 feet around and 118 feet from the ground to the first limb. Its age is calculated at 440 years, being a good sized tree when Columbus discovered the land that was afterward called America.—Gardening.

Stray Petals.

Fall sowing out of doors may be practiced with asters. For very early flowering sow in cold frames or the greenhouse.

Most bulbs look best planted in masses or in groups.

The snow white, hardy garden lily (*Lilium candidum*), otherwise known as the Annunciation or Madonna lily, makes autumn growth and should therefore be planted in August.

The beautiful buff colored lily, excellent, should be planted in September.

Bulbs of *Lilium harrisii*, the true Easter lily if potted in August will flower in November, and by successive planting blooms may be had all winter.

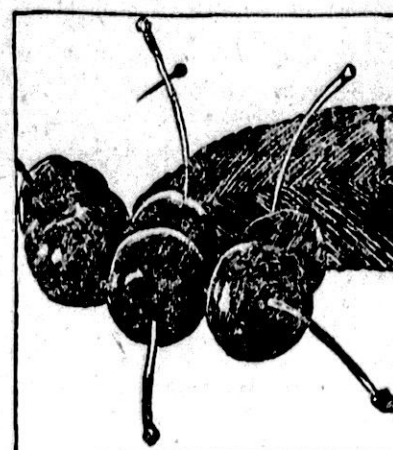
Lifting narcissus bulbs for division is best done in August or September.



CHERRY CULTURE.

Crops That May Be Grown in the Orchard—Use of Disk Harrow.

For the first five years the cherry orchard should be kept cultivated. But at the same time nearly enough vegetables, root crops or small fruits may be grown to pay for the cultivation. Potatoes, beans, beets, carrots and squashes make ideal crops for young orchards. They are low growing, require hand cultivation and do not impoverish the land. Strawberries, raspberries and blackberries are sometimes successfully grown in young orchards. They should never be allowed to grow less than four feet from a tree and as the trees grow and take



WEIR'S NO. 23.

the ground they should be removed from the orchard altogether. Oats, wheat or field corn should never be grown in a cherry orchard under any consideration.

For the cultivation of the orchard it is always an advantage to have the rows farther apart one way than they are the other. This only permits of cultivation one way, but with a small amount of hand work the orchard can be kept clean.

After the first five years the cultivation of the orchard depends somewhat on circumstances. If the soil of the orchard is very rich and the trees are making too vigorous growth or the ground is so situated that it is liable to be washed by rains, it is best to seed the ground to clover, orchard grass or timothy and to keep it in sod for three or four years. In no case should a heavy blue grass sod be allowed in the orchard. While the orchard is seeded down the grass should be kept mowed and the trees heavily mulched.

If the ground is of medium fertility and is not subject to washing, it is better to keep the orchard cultivated, and after the fifth year nothing should be grown in the orchard. The ground should be plowed shallow or disked in the spring and kept stirred until the middle of July and then seeded to a cover crop. One of the best implements for orchard cultivation is the extension disk harrow, of which there are several makes. These permit working the ground close to the trunks of the trees without danger of injury from the harness or singletrees rubbing the trees.

The fruit shown is Weir's No. 23, or Northwest. It originated with Mr. D. B. Weir of Illinois. The fruit is round, obscurely heart shaped, one and a quarter to one and a half inches; skin moderately thick, color dark red to almost black at maturity, stone small, flavor acid and slightly astringent, quality medium, season a little earlier than Early Richmond. The tree resembles English Morello very much in size and habit of growth.

Many growers prize this cherry highly, believing that its productiveness, good size and color recommend it for commercial orchards.

Rhododendron, or Mountain Laurel.

Shipment of rhododendrons to the city markets is an industry recently developed in Wayne, Monroe and other mountainous counties of northeastern Pennsylvania. During the spring months many engage in digging these shrubs from the pastures and along the creeks and loading cars for shipment. The plants grow in bunches around which a string is tied to keep the branches together; then by means of axes the sod is cut around the base, and the plants and roots are removed from the ground with from twenty-five to forty pounds of soil and sod. The shrubs are sent to New York and other cities to be transplanted in public parks and on lawns. The rhododendron, or great laurel, is one of the most attractive and prolific shrubs native to the Pennsylvania mountain regions. Its magnificent white flowers, clustered in bouquets among dark green, velvety leaves, are in the fullness of beauty during July and August. Nowhere else does it grow in such luxuriance and attain so high a degree of perfection as on our Appalachian mountain slopes.—Cor. American Cultivator.

Some Good Old Roses.

For variety some of the old favorites of a few years ago might very well be resurrected and brought to the front. Some of them are so good that if they were offered us under a new name we would snap them up eagerly. Among them I would mention Mme. de Watteville, Mme. Hoste, Papa Gontier and Bon Silene. A grower in one of our western cities told me confidentially, last spring that Bon Silene was one of the best varieties on the list. Meteor is still a good all the year round rose, and many who discarded it for Liberty are returning to their first love. If well grown La France would sell as well now comparatively as it did fifteen years ago.—B. Simpson.



STATE OF MICHIGAN.
The Probate Court for the County of Ottawa:
In the matter of the estate of Willem Zonnebelt, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that four months from the 28th day of July, A. D. 1904, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the city of Grand Haven, in said county, on or before the 28th day of November, A. D. 1904, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday, the 28th day of November, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated July 28th, A. D. 1904.
EDWARD P. KIRBY,
Judge of Probate.

EXCURSIONS
VIA THE
PERE MARQUETTE
SETTLERS' FARES
TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.
One-way, second-class tickets on sale at all stations on first and third Tuesdays of each month. Ask agents for particulars.

WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS.
Round trip tickets at low rates on sale at all ticket stations. Ask agents for rates, limit of tickets and full particulars.

LOW RATE EXCURSIONS.
"Visit the Soldiers" in Camp at Ludington, Sunday, August 7th.

Special train will leave Holland at 8:00 a. m. Rate, \$2.00. See posters, or ask Agents for particulars.
28-29. H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A.

FINE WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING.

We are prepared to do the finest repairing on watches and jewelry that can be done anywhere. We have had years of experience as gold and silversmiths. We carry a fine line of watches and jewelry and will compete with any watchmaker or jeweler in the city. Our prices are reasonable. All work warranted. We have just received a splendid line of silverware. The finest repairing and engraving in the city.
C. Pieper & Son,
230 River St., Holland.

GIRL WANTED.
At Van Dreezer's restaurant.

A Frightened Horse.
Running like mad down the street, dumping the occupants, or a hundred other accidents are every day occurrences. It behooves everybody to have a reliable Salve handy and there's none as good as Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Burns, Cuts, Sores, Eczema and Piles disappear quickly under its soothing effect. 25c at W. C. Walsh's Drug Store.

FOR SALE.
A good "Advance" threshing rig, size of three-horse 32x48, with bagger and wind stacker complete. Fifteen horse simple engine mounted on a high pressure boiler with all latest improvements. Separator run one season and engine two seasons. Rig in first class condition. For further information write B. J. Albers, Holland R. F. D. No. 7, or telephone 72-4r, Zeeland.

LOTS FOR SALE.
Two lots on Pine street and one on West Seventeenth street for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Enquire at this office.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?
A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only kills and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. You can get this reliable remedy at W. C. Walsh's. Price 25c and 75c.

Rocky Mountain Tea works for mankind both day and night. That's why it is famous the world over and over.
It will not let you turn over and take another snore.
Haan Bros.

Isn't how much cold cream a woman puts on her face but how much Rocky Mountain Tea she takes inside that brings out real beauty. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea complexion stays. 35 cents. Tea or tablets. Haan Bros. Birds work for man from the first glimmer of light.

DON'T BE ASHAMED

to ask for a medicine that will elevate you to the equal of the healthiest nervous man on earth.

PALMO TABLETS
will give you nerve-force.
They will restore you to the buoyant health you enjoyed before you were over-worked, or began to live unnaturally.
Nervous wrecks are daily made happy and strong by the use of Palmo Tablets. They act most powerfully exactly where you are weakest.

50 cents per box, 12 for \$5. Guaranteed.
Book free.
Halsid Drug Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold by W. C. Walsh, Druggist, Holland.

STRIKERS WEAKENING

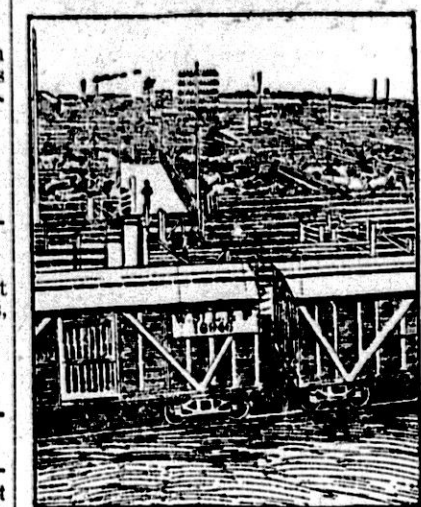
Breaks in the Lines at Chicago, Where 400 Ask Work, and at Kansas City.

FIGURES GIVEN BY PACKERS

Number of Men at Work and the Number Who Struck.

Strikers Families Throng at a Food Distribution - Negroes Play a Trick on the Strike Leaders - Strike of Telegraphers.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—A break from the ranks of the strikers was made when 400 of the men who had quit work deserted the unions and returned in a body to the stock yards. The packers say that the stampede from the strikers' ranks which was predicted Saturday has begun. Of the 400 men who



GLIMPSE OF THE STOCK YARDS.
returned 240 are skilled workmen employed as butchers and in the mechanical trades of the yards. The remaining 160 are common laborers. According to packers' figures 25,526 employees are now on strike, while 14,771 men are working daily at the plants.

Deserting Strike-Breakers Back.

Besides the return of 400 of the strikers there was another event that must have caused wrath among the strike leaders. The 400 negro strike-breakers who were escorted from the yards under union protection Saturday night on the plea that they were going to quit work returned to the scene of their labors and laughed at the union leaders whom they fooled. The negro strike-breakers wanted to have a good time over Sunday and one or two geniuses among them concocted the scheme of telling the union leaders that they were going to desert the packers. By this means they secured safety outside the yards.

Hunger Helping the Packers.

That hunger is making itself felt in the ranks of the strikers' families was shown sharply when more than 1,000 women and children with baskets surged about the two food supply depots established by the union leaders in Gross avenue and at Thirty-fifth and Halsted streets. There was no food for the clamoring throng at the time, because, the union leaders said, there had been a failure of delivery, but that the food would be on hand before long.

PACKERS DO BIG WORK

Much Cattle Slaughtered - Less Rioting Than Any Previous Day.

It was a busy day with the packers. With increased forces of skilled workers and their operating departments more thoroughly equipped than at any time since the beginning of the strike the employers took a firm grip on the machinery of their affairs and as a result the stock yards took on the old hum of activity to a great extent. Over 78,000 head of live stock were received here. This is an increase of 59,000 head over the receipts on the corresponding day last week. Still there was no panic in prices. The big packers bought 8,000 cattle, 13,000 hogs and 10,000 sheep during the day. Before nightfall 80 per cent. of these purchases had been slaughtered. Further proof of the claims of the packers that the difficulties of the strike are being overcome was furnished by the shipment of 500 carloads of fresh meats from the stock yards.

The day was freer from violence than any since the strike began. The crowds usually seen at the entrances to the yards were no longer in evidence, and wagons carrying meat passed through the streets with their drivers unmolested. When the strike-breakers left the plants at night trouble was expected by the police, but for the first time in the history of the strike they were disappointed, not a single attack upon the non-union men being made.

The night, however, did not pass without trouble, and for a quarter of an hour the police of the Deering street station battled with a crowd of 2,000 men and women as it charged the station repeatedly with sticks and stones, shouting vengeance against the police. The trouble started when the police went to the assistance of Frank Castellano, a strike breaker who had been dragged from a street car and severely beaten. Before the police could reach Castellano he had fired four shots from a revolver at his assailants. One of the bullets took effect in John Sheehan's arm, and at least 100 men made a rush for Castellano, but he was rescued by the police.

The police station was only two blocks away, and Castellano was taken there for safety. Seeing that their intended victim had escaped the rioters determined to get revenge on the

police and tried to wreck the station. Stones and bricks by the hundred were hurled at the building, and all the windows in the place were broken. A dozen charges were made by the police and fifty of the rioters suffered broken heads before the mob was dispersed. Three policemen were hit with bricks.

BREAK AT KANSAS CITY

Hundreds of Strikers Ask for Their Old Jobs - Injunction for St. Joseph.

Kansas City, Aug. 2.—Developments in the packing house strike are serious from the standpoint of the strikers, as hundreds of their number have returned to work, many of them being skilled workmen. The serious break in the ranks of the strikers was caused by their growing tired of waiting for strike benefit money promised from Chicago, and because they could not afford to remain idle longer without pay. Few of the men who applied for work were refused their old places, and those who were not taken back were assured that they will be re-employed when it becomes necessary for the packers to increase their forces. Many who returned to work are cattle and hog butchers, which will assist materially in increasing the output of the packers. The packers assert that the strike is practically broken here. All talk of a sympathetic strike seems to have ceased.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 2.—A temporary injunction restraining the striking packing house men at St. Joseph from picketing the plants in that city, from interfering in any way with the employees of the concerns there, or from interrupting the business of the latter has been granted here by United States District Judge Phillips.

HIGHER COST OF LIVING

Lacks One Per Cent. of Being as Much as the Wages Increase.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of the labor bureau, in the eighteenth annual report of the bureau, gives the results of a comprehensive inquiry into the cost of living since 1896 and into the average wage rate during those periods. The showing, so far as concerns wages, has been made public heretofore, an investigation of 518 occupations, representing sixty-seven industries in 3,429 separate establishments having shown an average increase in wages during this period of 16.6 per cent.

The inquiry into the cost of living shows that living for workingmen's families having under \$1,200 income per year has increased during this period 15.5 per cent. In order to ascertain this average increase the labor bureau secured the income and expenditure in detail of 2,567 families in thirty-three states, retail prices being taken. The statement shows that the 2,567 families consisted of an average of 5.31 persons and that the average income for the year 1901 was \$827.

Federation Will Give Aid.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. 2.—President Golden and Secretary Hibbert, of the United Textile Workers, have returned from their trip to Washington for the purpose of securing for the striking cotton mill operatives here the support of the American Federation of Labor. They were given every assurance of moral and financial support and feel highly satisfied with the result of their trip.

Great Strike of Teamsters.

Vienna, Aug. 2.—Ten thousand teamsters began a strike here, causing general demoralization in many branches of industry. The public is suffering great inconvenience, as the drivers of water carts and garbage wagons are among the strikers. The chief demands are an increase in wages and eleven hours work per day.

Strike of "Katy" Telegraphers.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 2.—Members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers in Dallas have quit work in obedience to an order for a strike of all the telegraphers employed on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas system. The strike is for a 10 per cent. increase of wages, and extends all along the line.

Hill Buries the Hatchet.

Esopus, N. Y., July 29.—Judge Parker turned the gathering of the Democratic national committee at this place into a lovefeast. He succeeded in patching up differences of long standing, if appearances count. Through his efforts, David B. Hill shook hands on the piazza at Rosemount with two of his bitterest foes—Charles F. Murphy of New York and Thomas F. Conway of Plattsburg.

Bank Receiver Kills Himself.

Newark, O., July 30.—Receiver W. G. Tael of the Newark Savings bank and supreme secretary of the American Insurance union, was found dead by Samuel Oden in the north fork of the Licking river. He left a note claiming he is innocent of wrong in the failure of the bank and that he was ruined financially and had therefore determined to kill himself.

Divorce and \$50,000 Alimony.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Minerva C. Love has been given a divorce from Sidney C. Love, and Judge Honore awarded her \$50,000 alimony. The defendant made no active opposition to her suit. In the decree signed by Judge Honore after a ten-minute hearing of the case Love is condemned as guilty of extreme and repeated cruelty towards his wife.

Decision as to Panama Zone.

Washington, July 30.—Comptroller of the Treasury Tracewell has rendered a decision that while the general spirit and purpose of the constitution is applicable to the Panama canal zone, that domain is not a part of the United States, and therefore the president and the commission will control affairs until congress prescribes some other course.

ACIDITY OF CREAM.

Develops Bad Flavor When Allowed to Get Too Sour.

The best acidity for cream ready to churn is between five and six tenths of 1 per cent. If the cream is thin, it may run somewhat above this; but, as a rule, it is best to churn the cream a little before it develops six-tenths of 1 per cent acid, says E. H. Farrington of the Wisconsin Dairy school in American Agriculturist. Cream ought not to stand very long after it has reached six-tenths per cent acid, because, although the acidity will not increase very much, bad flavors may develop in such sour cream. At some factories cream often comes in during the afternoon with an acidity of six-tenths per cent, and such cream ought to be cooled at once and churned as soon as possible after it has become cold.

I am acquainted with a gathered cream factory where the cream comes in in the afternoon, and it is very sour during the summer months, nearly always having at least six-tenths per cent acid when it arrives. It is all in by about 6 p. m., and the buttermaker adds large pieces of ice to the cream in the vat, stirs for nearly two hours, then puts the cream in the churn and does not get through making the butter until 12 o'clock at night. Both he and the proprietor of the factory have found that by this practice they are able to save many of the losses on the butter that they had to stand before adopting this method. It seems that sour cream deteriorates very rapidly and that it ought to be churned as soon as the souring process has reached six-tenths of 1 per cent acid.

Separator Advantages.

A good cream separator costs from \$65 to \$100. The loss from setting milk in pans is said to be 20 per cent of the butter fat. If a cow will make 200 pounds of butter a year, this would be a loss of forty pounds a year, worth at least \$8. This loss could be avoided if a separator were used. The separator also saves an immense amount of labor in caring for the milk, and this showing alone proves that it is a good investment, even where but four or five cows are kept. —Farm and Ranch.

Clean the Milk Can.

There are very few things around the farm that should come before a clean milk can. If the can is allowed to stand with sour milk or whey it becomes so infected that the usual washing has but little effect owing to the thin film of casein that forms on the tin and affords a constant daily supply of bacteria.

SILAGE AND THE SILO

Roots are a good succulent feed, but when we come to compare them with silage they are not in it, says L. W. Lighty in National Stockman. A ton of sugar beets furnishes 270 pounds of dry matter, a ton of mangels 182 pounds and a ton of good silage at least 450 pounds, and from my experience (and some other growers report the same) I can grow and harvest three tons of corn silage with the same work and cost that it requires to grow and harvest one ton of roots.

In the feeding experiments made at the Ohio and Maine experiment stations it was found that the feeding value of the dry matter of roots and silage was nearly the same, but what difference existed was nearly always in favor of the silage. Now, how do we stand? It takes two acres of roots to grow as much feed as one acre of corn, and it costs three times as much to grow and harvest it; therefore a ton of root feed will cost about six times as much as a ton of silage feed.

Profit in the Silo.

I have used a silo three years and saw the bottom of it last week, the first time since September, 1901, and very sorry to now, as I find the older silage is the better it is, says a Michigan farmer in Rural New Yorker. I cannot say exactly how much the silo has added to the income of the farm, only that I sell about \$200 worth of hay and grain, which was formerly fed, and keep double the number of stock I did before buying the silo, therefore increasing the receipts from cows and fat stock.

Increases Value of Farm.

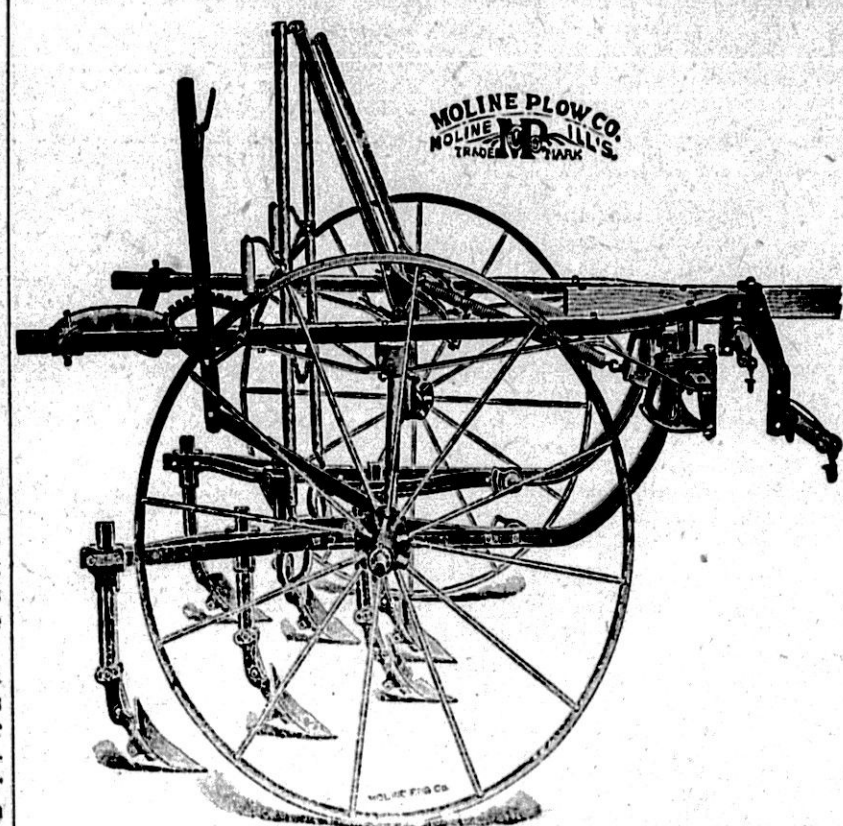
I have had a silo about ten years. It has been the means of increasing the cows I could winter from fifteen to twenty-five, says a correspondent of Rural New Yorker. I have not tried anything but corn. Best silage would be from corn matured so that the ears are just commencing to glaze. It would be best if it were cut in the field and as soon as possible cut in one-half inch lengths into the silo. A man should be in the silo to pack and keep the silage level. The last year I cut some straw and covered the silage and gave the straw a thorough wetting, and it kept as well as any I ever had.

Silage Men Ahead.

Let me quote from a corn census taken in Madison county, Ind., by C. P. Goodrich and published in Hoard's Dairyman: "There were five patrons having forty-five cows who fed silage last winter. Their average net profit was \$16.74. There were forty-five patrons having 237 cows who did not feed silage, and their average net profit was \$5.75, or \$11.17 less." Which man do you want to be, a sixteen dollar man or a five dollar man?—Henry Tippiery in Ohio Farmer.

Stock Pond of Silage.

Corn silage is very palatable. All kinds of stock eat it greedily and prefer it to almost anything else. They eat it all up and do not leave even the thick butts of the stalks.



DON'T YOU NEED A DUTCH UNCLE? THE CULTIVATOR

That gives the best satisfaction of them all—the one your neighbor uses and likes.

DON'T BUY AN EXPERIMENT

There are over 700 "DUTCH UNCLES" in use in this vicinity, all sold during the last five years and all giving satisfaction.

We Send them out on Trial.

B. VAN RAALTE,

Cor. River & 9th Sts., Holland.



HORSEMEN AND FARMERS

Are you interested in having the Best Bred Horses? We have at great expense secured the fine Imported Percheron Stallion

"DARTAGNAN"

He is a beautiful Black Horse, 16 hands high and was imported from France. Come and see this fine animal.

Henry Timmerman & Son

FILLMORE CENTER.

The above cut does not represent our horse.

Cement Walks

Are you going to put down a cement walk?

If you are or are thinking of doing so, let us figure with you.

We have had years of experience and can give you a good job and right Prices.

All our work guaranteed.

Estimates Promptly Prepared.

De Hoop & Brower

Citz. Phone No. 611. 120 East 17th St.

Go for your jelly glasses, tumblers, cups, plates, knives, spoons and hundreds of other household necessities to the 5 and 10 cent store, 47 East Eighth street, Holland, Mich. You'll save money.

LOCALISMS.

John Lubbers of East Saugatuck spent Tuesday at the county seat.

Guy Bennett has taken the position of nightman at Van Drezer's restaurant.

Contractor Frank Oosting has laid cement walks at the Semlink hall.

Rev. R. L. Haan of Muskegon will be installed as pastor of the Central avenue Christian Reformed church tonight.

uy Lockwood will be tried Monday on the charge of killing chickens belonging to A. R. Johnson, north side.

Chicken thieves took six Barred Rock fowls from the coops of J. Vanden Hill, West Eleventh street, on Sunday night.

Brinks & Ten Broeke have completed the fine large porch at the residence of C. C. Wheeler.

Company I, Twenty-fifth Michigan Infantry, will hold a reunion here August 14.

Contractors Bos & Bolhuis are building a residence for John D. Van Alsburg on West Fifteenth street.

Mrs. Benj. Parkinson of Laketown is very ill at her home. Drs. Imus and Mabbis are treating her.

Supt. of Parks J. A. Kooyers, H. R. Doesburg and Peter Boot spent Monday looking for flowers on the pine plains in Allegan county.

Gerrit Woltman and D. Vander Bie paid a fine of \$5 each in justice Devries court Monday on a charge of assault and battery brought by Harm Dietman.

The work on the sixteenth street sewer has been begun by Contractor Henry Oosting, Johannes Dykema and William Butkau have been appointed inspectors of sewer work.

W. A. Brubaker of Chicago will give a temperance lecture at Lincoln park, East Ninth street, this city, on August 10 at 8 p. m. Everybody come and hear this logical question discussed by an eloquent orator.

Quite a number from here went to Grand Rapids Wednesday to see McKinley lower the record at the Comstock park races. The horse was evidently not at his best and the result was disappointing.

Justice Devries has awarded Mrs. G. Hoovenga a judgment of \$100 in her suit against H. Oosting, whom she alleges took more gravel from her gravel pit on River street than she had sold to him.

The Woman's Missionary society of Hope church spent an enjoyable afternoon on Wednesday at the pleasant home of Mrs. C. H. Howell, south of the city. Conveyances were furnished for the party.

During the month of June the creamery at Allendale received 439,455 pounds of milk, the most ever received there in any one month, being an average of 19,299 pounds each day the creamery was operated.

One of the finest truck gardens in the vicinity is that of C. Van Lente, corner of First avenue and Twentieth street. He has five acres in corn, potatoes and other vegetables, all in the finest condition. The patch shows what can be accomplished on a small piece of ground.

Benjamin Streeter of Rochester, N. Y., a resident of Allegan in pioneer days and uncle to T. E. Streeter, came to his death last Sunday either accidentally or through violence. When the coroner's inquest in session this week has been trying to determine. He was nearly 160 years old, but remarkably active.

The Wayland Creamery company on Wednesday paid its patrons for June milk, a total of \$3,490.70, which was at an average of 17½ cents per pound for the butter sold. The amount of milk and cream received for the month was 439,010 pounds of milk and 5,839 pounds of cream. The total pounds of butter made for the month was 20,248.7.—Wayland Globe.

A representative of the Kent, Allegan and Ottawa Insurance company was in town Wednesday. He related how a large barn in Leighton township, Allegan county, was recently struck by lightning and the hay set afire. Several loads of green hay were piled alongside of the mow and this was pushed over on the fire and the flames put out. The same bolt killed a horse in the barn and a horse in the pasture some distance from the barn.

After next January, the price of the Michigan Tradesman will be two dollars per year. Editor Stow thinks he can not publish the paper in its present size for one dollar per year, and he is right. The Tradesman is well worth double the present price, and it should be taken by every business man in Michigan. Until January 1, subscriptions will be taken at the dollar rate.—Press.

Bert Tibbets, the murderer of Humphrey Jackman, who is serving a life sentence at Jackson, is reported to be a model prisoner. He is working in the book binding department and to all appearances is contented, being in good health and spirits. He teaches a class in Sunday school and is gaining a reputation for goodness. It is to be sincerely hoped, however, that he is kept where he is.

Suit has been commenced in the Ottawa circuit by the Royal Circle, a fraternal organization, against Martha Hayes and Fred Nash, enjoining the latter named party for the collection of a \$500 death claim. Martha Hayes was a member of the Holland Circle of the order and carried life insurance therein to the amount of \$500, with her mother the beneficiary. She was not married at the time. Later she wedded Fred Nash. They moved to Weld county, Colorado. Mrs. Nash died last winter and an effort was made to have the insurance paid the husband. The fraternal order admits the death and claims that they are liable, but the suit is brought to name who shall be the beneficiary.

Habers corpus ad testificandum has been issued by the circuit court of this county for Henry Wierda at the Ionia reformatory and William D. Wilson at Jackson prison. The two men will be used as witnesses by the People against John Fox, which case is the first on the calendar in the August term in circuit court, which opened Monday. These men are serving terms in the prisons for practically the same offense for which Fox is under indictment, and they are considered most important witnesses. It will be remembered that Wilson is the man who shot Sheriff Henry Dykhuise and was sentenced to from 20 to 30 years at Jackson by Judge Paigham in circuit court. Wierda, who had been used as a tool, was found to be the man who had carried the gun into the jail and he was sent to Ionia. Fox is suspected of having been one of the arch conspirators and his case has been continued over several terms. The case will attract much attention at the present term of court.

The Old Settlers' association met at Zeeland Wednesday.

Dr. A. T. Godfrey has opened offices in the Holland City State bank block.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Nibbelink visited friends in Grand Rapids yesterday and today.

Thirty-six marriage licenses were issued at the county clerk's office last month.

The regular teachers' examination will take place at Grand Haven on August 11, 12 and 13.

The Second Reformed church of Grand Rapids held a picnic at Macatawa yesterday.

The annual Union Sunday school picnic of Allegan spent Wednesday at the resorts here.

The Grace Episcopal church Sunday school held a picnic at Jensen Park yesterday.

Rev. Peter Marsilje of Oklahoma will preach at the First Reformed church Sunday evening.

The mason work on the new block of James Koe has been completed by Contractor A. J. Ward. It is a fine block and well put up.

The council rooms have been moved to the Vander Veen block, and any who have business with the city clerk should take notice.

The Macatawa Park company has served an injunction on Frank Mattison, the Central Park grocer, to keep him from selling produce or fruits on the company's ground.

The little schooner Day Spring, well known at this port, was wrecked off Whitehall Monday night. Capt. L. C. Ludwig, proprietor, is a brother of C. P. Ludwig of the St. Charles hotel here.

Alderman A. Postma, while engaged at a residence he is building on West Sixteenth street Tuesday, received a bad cut in his hand by a chisel which dropped from a scaffold. Dr. C. J. Fisher dressed the injury.

The directors of the fair association held a working bee at the grounds yesterday and did good work in making repairs to the buildings and putting the grounds in shape for the coming fair.

Anna A. Plews has commenced proceeding for divorce in circuit court from her husband, Jesse Plews. The parties reside in Polkton, were married in 1890 and have three children. Cruelty and drunkenness are alleged.

Conductor John Robinson of the Grand Trunk railway, who has been coming into Grand Haven more years than he cares to remember, had an experience Thursday he will not soon forget. A hobo got on his train at Ovid. Mr. Robinson tried to put the fellow off. The tramp pulled a big revolver and compelled Mr. Robinson to stand outside the coach while the train ran nine miles. Then the hobo swung off and escaped.

If you are in need of summer underwear, muslin underwear, shirt waists, walking skirts, umbrellas, wrappers, kimonas, summer corsets, etc., now is the time you can save money on your purchases by attending DuMez Bros' semi-annual clearance sale now in progress. Many people are taking advantage of the low prices which are being offered on seasonable goods.

There were 147 soldiers enrolled at the reunion at Saugatuck, which was a much larger number than usual; but it is said to be a matter of doubt as to which were most numerous, soldiers or politicians. Anyhow, it is conceded to have been one of the most successful events of its kind since the county organization was formed. Allegan was chosen for the place of next year's reunion, and George W. Cady was selected colonel for the ensuing year.—Allegan Gazette.

The County Board of School Examiners will hold a session in Saugatuck August 11, 12 and 13, 1904, for the purpose of examining applicants to teach in the public schools of the county. The examination will be held in the high school room and will begin at 8 a. m. All applicants from the western part of the county should attend this examination, as it will save the time and expense of a trip to Allegan.—Saugatuck Record.

The postmaster general has sent out orders to the postoffice concerning some of its important changes in the rural route rules. Hereafter all mail boxes on the rural routes will have to be equipped with a suitable signal for the purpose of indicating whether or not there is mail therein. Another important change, and one that will work for economy for the farmer as well as less labor for the carrier, two or more families will be allowed the use of one mail box, provided that the families sign an agreement and file it with the postmaster. This will do away with so many boxes at crossroads which are not traveled by the carriers.

The following method of getting rid of stumps is recommended by the Scientific American: In the autumn bore a hole one or two inches in diameter, according to the girth of the stump, vertically in the center of the latter, and about eighteen inches deep. Put into it one or two ounces of saltpeter; fill the hole with water and plug up close. In the ensuing spring take out plug and pour in about one-half gallon of kerosene oil, and ignite it. The stump will smolder away to the very extremities of the roots, leaving nothing but ashes.

The Socialists at their county convention nominated M. R. Merritt of Olive Center for judge of probate; Bert Bok of this city for sheriff; Arie Van Doesburg of this city for clerk; D. J. Cable of Grand Haven for treasurer; J. C. Clark of Coopersville for register of deeds; Gilles Booyenga and Geo. Loveland of Holland for circuit court commissioners; Dr. Chappell of Berlin and Dr. Kuiper of Conklin for coroners; Lambert Vanden Berg of Holland for surveyor, and Joseph Warnock of Holland and F. Martin of Berlin for representatives. The county committee will fill in the office of prosecuting attorney.

Mr. Kiyo Sue Inui will give a lecture at the Methodist church Friday evening, August 12, on "Japanese Civilization and the Russo-Japanese War." The Kalamazoo Telegraph says: "Mr. Inui is a native of Kobe, Japan, where he early came under the influence of the Methodist mission work. When 18 years old, after having finished what is equivalent to our high school work here, he determined to have an education in America, where he could study western civilization at first hand. He told his father he would be willing to run his chances on getting through one of the American universities for he had been assured that many young men work their way through successfully. With great courage and faithfulness and is a universal favorite among the student body in Ann Arbor. Inui has now completed his second year, which year has witnessed his triumph (the first by a Japanese) in the sophist oratorical contest. He hopes to make during the summer enough money so that next year he can devote more of his time to his college work." Tickets will be sold at 10 cents and 15 cents, the proceeds to assist this young man in his work.



AN ALL AROUND BERRY.

A Seedling Strawberry, Pronounced "A Wonder" in Recent Trials.

Reporting under tests with strawberries on its trial grounds, American Gardening says:

The Compton gave us much the best result in the matted row. We find in this year's test in combination with

our former trials that Compton is the best all around berry that we have yet tried, and we have tried it in almost every way in competition with nearly a hundred varieties. It is quite as early as any of this year's list and is also about as late as any.

In our first trial of this seedling we said it was a wonder as well as a berry to excite much curiosity, as it is so different from the many in its shape and other general characteristics. In other words, while it is a long necked berry, yet there is a great diversity in its shape. Last season we seemed to be impressed that it did not prove to be as good as we had expected from the former year's trial, but this season on its third severe test in three different places (and each treated differently in the matter of fertilization and style of planting) we are firmly convinced it is one of the best berries, if not the best all around berry, we have yet grown. In fact, it was as early as any and as late as any.

It is also a rank grower, having exceedingly large and healthy foliage which is well carried, both leaf and fruit high from the ground. Its fruit is a rich crimson and is inclined to be elongated, very much like Royal Sovereign.

For city trees the Hartford Gardeners and Florists' club makes the following recommendations: The best tree for city life is the allanthea. It is capable of withstanding almost any possible conditions, such as smoke, dry soil and scanty nourishment, and it is free from insects. Other trees similarly constituted are the cottonwood, white poplar and some form of willow. Then come the European linden and the English elm, both of which are tougher than the American species.

For the suburban and the semi-urban parts of a city the best all around tree is the American elm. It gives high and not too dense shade, and it grows rapidly and makes a beautiful leafy arch over a street. But it has the disadvantage of putting out its leaves very late, shedding them continually, and, like the European elm, it has a persistent and dangerous enemy in the elm tree beetle.

For the most open parts of a city the red, scarlet, black and pin oaks, the horse chestnuts, hackberry, silver and red maples and black walnut are available. The rock maple doesn't get along at all. It is the first to succumb to city conditions.

Set out trees which will attain a large size if left to grow, but keep them in bounds by severe pruning.—American Gardening.

Geraniums For Winter.

Geranium slips root readily if we only prepare them properly. Select a thrifty shoot about three to five inches long. Cut off clean and smooth with a sharp knife; then remove the lower pair of leaves with a close cut and trim the leaves left. It is now ready for insertion in the propagating bed or in a pot or box of sand. Sandy soil will do in the absence of clean sand. Fuchsia and other cuttings are prepared in the same way.

If you have no specially prepared geranium plants, then select suitable plants this month. Cut them back one-fourth and set in a shady, then a sunny, place, for a few weeks, sprinkling the foliage lightly several times daily.

Fruit Notes.

Every farm is incomplete without a "family orchard" and fruit garden.

Spraying, fertilization, pruning and tillage will often bring up old, neglected moss grown orchards to a thrifty and profitable condition.

Unfermented grape juice is food and drink, refreshment and nourishment, all in one.

The wild vines of the Mississippi states have evolved in company with the phylloxera, and it is among these that the most resistant forms are found.

Each year makes me a greater admirer of the Columbian raspberry, says the editor of the Rural New Yorker.

The Anjou is the greatest bearer of any year on the farm, rarely missing a year, says a New York farmer.

A new disease of raspberries, cane blight, has appeared within a few years in New York and is prevalent in Ohio, Wisconsin and Connecticut.

Something for the Economical

To Think About

Is the greatly reduced prices which we quote on seasonable goods during our Semi-Annual Clearance Sale. We do this in order to clear our shelves and counters of all Summer goods so as to make room for our Fall and Winter Stock, which has already begun to arrive. Read the items mentioned below, on which we offer Special Reductions during the sale:

Shirt Waists,	Tailored Suits,
Summer Corsets,	Children's Gingham
Kimonas,	Dresses,
Silk Gloves and Mits,	Ladies' and Gentlemen's
Shirt Waist Suits,	Umbrellas,
Summer Underwear,	Table Linen,
Muslin Underwear,	Lace Curtains,
Wrappers,	Fancy and Lace Hose,
Wash Skirts,	Fancy Ribbons,
Walking Skirts,	Remnants of all Kinds.

31 and 33
East Eighth Street.
HOLLAND.

What we say we do we do do.

Du Mez Bros

WE SELL THE
WEBER WAGON
AND THE
JOHN L. DOLSON & SONS'
AND THE
R. D. SCOTT & CO'S
BUGGIES.
Come and See what we have before you buy a Buggy or Wagon.
We can Satisfy you both in quality and price.
TEUSINK BROS.,
Blacksmiths and Horseshoers.
OVERISEL, MICH.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FAULTY GAITED HORSES.

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE
PERE MARQUETTE

G. A. R. TO BOSTON, AUG. 15-16.

Round trip tickets will be sold at all stations, and via different routes, as desired. Dates of sale, August 12, 13 and 14; good for return trip until August 20, with extension of limit, if desired, to September 30. Through tourist sleeping car from Detroit. For rates and reservations apply to local agents or write W. C. Britton, D. P. A., Saginaw, H. J. Gray, D. P. A., Grand Rapids, or H. F. Moeller, G. P. A., Detroit.

LOW RATE EXCURSION VIA PERE MARQUETTE AND WABASH RAILROADS AND D. & B. BOATS THURSDAY, AUGUST 18TH

TO NIAGARA FALLS
TO TORONTO, ONT.
TO MONTREAL, QUE.
TO ALEXANDRIA BAY

Tickets are good to return for 12 days from date of sale. For rate and particulars see local agents.
H. F. Moeller, G. P. A.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if every one knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

It is said of John Wesley that he once said to Mistress Wesley: "Why do you tell that child the same thing over and over again?" "John Wesley, because once telling is not enough." It is for this same reason that you are told again and again that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds and grip; that it counteracts any tendency of these diseases to result in pneumonia, and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by W. C. Walsh, Holland, and Van Bree & Son, Zeeland.

A Costly Mistake.

Blunders are sometimes very expensive. Occasionally life itself is the price of a mistake, but you'll never be wrong if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills for Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Headache, Liver or Bowel troubles. They are gentle yet thorough. 25c at W. C. Walsh's Drug Store.

NIGHT WAS A TERROR.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 55 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. C. Walsh's drug store.

While opening a box, J. C. Mount, of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a ten penny nail through the fishy part of his hand. "I thought at once of all the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says, "and immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and occasionally afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale by W. C. Walsh, Holland, and Van Bree & Son, Zeeland.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Bloating. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. You get this reliable remedy at W. C. Walsh's. Price 25c and 50c.

House For Sale.

A fine nine room and basement brick house, on good residence street, for sale. Cement walks and everything first-class. For particulars apply at this office.